ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE FRENCH MUTUAL FUND (FCP)

(FONDS COMMUN DE PLACEMENT)

CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

(For the period ended 30 December 2022)



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Statutory Auditor's Certification



STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Financial year ended 30 December 2022

CARMIGNAC LONG SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

UCITS IN THE FORM OF A FRENCH MUTUAL FUND (FCP) Governed by the French Monetary and Financial Code

Management company CARMIGNAC GESTION 24, place Vendôme 75001 PARIS

Opinion

In accordance with the assignment entrusted to us by the management company, we have audited the annual financial statements of CARMIGNAC LONG SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES, a UCITS constituted in the form of a French mutual fund (FCP), for the financial year ended 30 December 2022, as they are appended to this report.

In our opinion, the annual financial statements give, in accordance with French accounting rules and principles, a true and fair view of the financial position and assets and liabilities of the fund and of the results of its operations at the end of the financial year.

Basis for our opinion

Audit framework

We conducted our audit in accordance with the professional auditing standards applicable in France. We believe that the evidence gathered is pertinent and sufficient to serve as a basis for our opinion. Our responsibilities in light of these standards are described in this report in the section entitled "Responsibilities of the statutory auditor in relation to auditing the annual financial statements".

Independence

We carried out our audit in accordance with the independence rules set out in the French Commercial Code and the Code of Ethics for Statutory Auditors, for the period from 1 January 2022 to the date on which our report was issued.

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Justification of the evaluations

In accordance with the provisions of Articles L.823-9 and R.823-7 of the French Commercial Code in relation to the justification of our evaluations, we wish to highlight that the evaluations which, in our professional opinion, were the most significant in our audit of the annual financial statements, concerned the appropriateness of the accounting principles applied and the reasonableness of the significant estimates made and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

The evaluations were made in the context of the audit of the annual financial statements, taken as a whole, and the formation of the opinion expressed herein. We offer no opinion on parts of these annual financial statements taken in isolation.

Specific verifications

We have also carried out the specific verifications required by laws and regulations in accordance with the professional auditing standards applicable in France.

We have no comment as to the fair presentation and conformity with the annual financial statements of the information given in the management report drawn up by the management company.



CARMIGNAC LONG SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

Responsibilities of the management company regarding the annual financial statements

The management company is required to prepare annual financial statements that present a true and fair image, in accordance with French accounting rules and principles, and to establish the internal control measures that it deems necessary for producing annual financial statements free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

When producing the annual financial statements, it is incumbent on the management company to assess the ability of the fund to continue operating, and where appropriate to include the necessary information on business continuity, and apply the going concern accounting policy unless there are plans to liquidate the fund or cease trading.

The annual financial statements were prepared by the management company.

Responsibilities of the statutory auditor when auditing the annual financial statements

Audit objective and approach

We are required to produce a report on the annual financial statements. Our aim is to gain reasonable assurance that the annual financial statements taken as a whole are free of material misstatement. Reasonable assurance means a high level of assurance, albeit without any guarantee, that an audit carried out in accordance with industry standards could systematically detect every material misstatement. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error, and are considered to be material when one could reasonably expect them, either individually or cumulatively, to influence the financial decisions that readers make as a result.

As stipulated in Article L.823-10-1 of the French Commercial Code, our role as auditors is not to guarantee the viability or quality of management of the fund.

A statutory auditor exercises its professional judgement throughout any audit performed in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. Furthermore:

• It identifies and evaluates the risk that the annual financial statements may include material misstatement, whether resulting from fraud or error, defines and implements auditing procedures in response to these risks, and gathers the items it deems sufficient and appropriate as a basis for its opinion. The risk of material misstatement not being detected is considerably higher when it is the result of fraud rather than error, since fraud may involve collusion, falsification, voluntary omissions, false declarations or the circumvention of the internal control system;



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- It assesses the internal control system that is relevant for the audit in order to define audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal control system;
- It evaluates the appropriateness of the accounting methods used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the management company, as well as the related information in the annual financial statements;
- It evaluates the appropriateness of the management company's application of the going concern accounting principle and, based on the information gathered, the existence or absence of significant uncertainty linked to events or circumstances likely to cast doubt on the fund's ability to continue its operations. This evaluation is based on the information gathered prior to the date of its report; however, it should be noted that subsequent circumstances or events may cast doubt on the continuity of its operations. If it concludes that there is a material uncertainty, it draws readers' attention to the information provided in the annual financial statements regarding this uncertainty, or if such information is not provided or not relevant, it certifies the accounts with reservations, or refuses to certify them;
- It assesses the presentation of all of the annual financial statements and evaluates whether or not the annual financial statements depict the underlying operations and events fairly.

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Document authenticated by electronic signature The statutory auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit Frédéric SELLAM

CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES 2022 ANNUAL REPORT

Main features of the Fund

Allocation of distributable income

| Distributable income | "Acc" units | "Dis" units |
|--|--|---|
| Allocation of net income | Accumulation (dividends are recorded on an accruals basis) | Distributed or carried forward as decided by the management company |
| Allocation of net realised capital gains or losses | Accumulation (dividends are recorded on an accruals basis) | Distributed or carried forward as decided by the management company |

Countries in which the Fund is authorised for distribution

A EUR Acc units: Austria, Belgium, Switzerland, Germany, Spain, France, United Kingdom, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands and Singapore.

A EUR Y dis units: Austria, Switzerland, Germany, Spain, France, United Kingdom, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands and Singapore.

Investment objective

The fund aims to achieve net positive performance over the recommended investment horizon of three years.

The fund seeks to invest sustainably and applies a socially responsible investment approach. The ways in which the socially responsible investment approach is followed are described in the "Extra-financial characteristics" section below, and can be found on www.carmignac.com or https://www.carmignac.fr/fr_FR/nous-connaitre/investissement-socialement-responsable-isr-1252.

Reference indicator

The fund does not have a reference indicator.

Investment strategy

STRATEGIES USED

The fund implements a long/short equity investment strategy focused on fundamentals to achieve its investment objective. This strategy consists of building a portfolio of long and short positions on financial instruments eligible for the fund's assets.

A minimum of 75% of the fund is invested in PEA-eligible shares, i.e. equities from issuers in member states of the European Economic Area (EEA). Up to 25% of the fund may be invested in equities from issuers in member states of the European Economic Area.

The portfolio manager may open short positions on a discretionary basis either to implement relative value strategies combining long and short positions on underlying assets eligible for the portfolio or for risk hedging purposes. The portfolio manager also systematically hedges the specific exposure derived from securities eligible for the PEA (French equity savings plan) in order to hold the fund's equity market exposure to 50% or below of net assets. The fund's net equity market exposure is between -20% and +50% of the fund's net assets.

If deemed necessary by the portfolio manager, the fund may also have up to 25% of its net assets invested in bonds, treasury bills and money market instruments traded on French and foreign markets which the portfolio manager believes have the best upside potential or can reduce the portfolio's risk.

The long/short equity strategy of the fund is determined on the basis of a detailed financial analysis of the companies in which the fund may open positions, whether long or short. The selection of long and short positions is based on an in-depth analysis of the fundamentals of the target companies, including thorough financial analysis, an assessment of the competitive environment, the quality of senior management and close monitoring of the development of the business. Sector and regional allocations are made based on the stock selection process.

Up to 25% of the fund's net assets is exposed to currency risk through the purchase of securities denominated in currencies other than those of the European Economic Area.

These investments on the foreign exchange market depend on expectations of changes in different currencies, and follow on from the fund's currency allocation: This currency allocation results from holding direct investments in securities denominated in foreign currency, or currency derivatives.

The investment universe for all strategies includes emerging markets within the limits stipulated in the section "Description of asset categories and financial contracts as well as their contribution to the investment objective being achieved".

Extra-financial characteristics

The fund has environmental (E) and governance (G) characteristics in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (SFDR).

TYPE OF APPROACH

The fund applies either a best-in-universe or a best-effort approach for each investment theme.

The Fund applies an active voting policy and is actively involved in its investments. For more information, please refer to our website: https://www.carmignac.co.uk/en_GB/responsible-investment/template-hub-sri-thematic-funds-4526 (hereinafter the Responsible Investment section).

IMPLEMENTATION OF EXTRA-FINANCIAL ANALYSIS IN THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The fund takes a global view of sustainability risk management, identifying and assessing the sustainability risks associated with its investments and their stakeholders.

Extra-financial analysis is applied to the investment strategy through the following processes, which actively reduce the fund's equity and corporate bond investment universe by at least 20%. The fund's investment universe is assessed in terms of ESG risks and opportunities on the basis of analyses included in Carmignac's proprietary ESG platform, START(System for Tracking and Analysis of a Responsible Trajectory).

(1) An exclusions filter related to energy and ethical considerations is applied to the fund's investment universe. These exclusions apply to both long and short positions.

(2) Exclusions are also applied to companies with high carbon emissions relative to the reference indicator detailed below, and to companies with an unsatisfactory governance policy. This latter filter is based on the ESG ratings of the START platform and the MSCI ratings for the governance pillar: companies with an MSCI rating for the governance pillar of below 3/10 and companies with an overall MSCI rating of B or CCC are, in principle, excluded from the fund's investment universe. However, a company with a higher rating than C in our START platform (ratings range of A to E) may be added back into the fund's investment universe following ad hoc qualitative research and discussions with the company's management.

Exclusions from the investment universe as a result of the negative screening implemented by the Management Company are reviewed on a quarterly basis.

The fund also applies mandatory negative screening at management company level, based on environmental protection, human rights, employment rights and anti-corruption measures, to exclude certain sectors and activities. For more information, please refer to the exclusion policy and the Responsible Investment section on the Management Company's website: https://www.carmignac.fr.

EXAMPLES OF EXTRA-FINANCIAL CRITERIA (NON-EXHAUSTIVE LIST)

- (1) Environmental: energy supply and suppliers, energy type and efficiency, waste water management, carbon emissions data, water consumption relative to revenue.
- (2) Social: human capital policies, protection of client data and cybersecurity.
- (3) Governance: independence of the board of directors, composition and skills of the executive committee, treatment and remuneration of minority shareholders. Companies' approach to accounting, tax and anti-corruption practices.

WARNING ON THE LIMITATIONS OF THE APPROACH

The fund's sustainability risk may differ from that of the reference indicator detailed below.

APPLICATION OF EXTRA-FINANCIAL ANALYSIS TO THE INVESTMENT UNIVERSE

Extra-financial analysis covers at least 90% of the portfolio's equities and corporate and government bonds.

CARBON EMISSIONS

The fund aims to keep its carbon emissions 30% below those of the reference indicator as detailed below and measured by carbon intensity (tonnes of CO₂e/USD million in revenue; aggregated at portfolio level (Scope 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol)). The results are presented in the company's annual report. For more information, please refer to the climate policy and the Responsible Investment section on the Management Company's website: https://www.carmignac.fr.

REFERENCE INDICATOR

The fund has chosen the MSCI Europe as the reference indicator for the assessment of ESG criteria. The reference indicator is a general market index representing the fund's investment universe. Accordingly, this reference indicator is used to assess the fund's performance on sustainability issues, including carbon emissions. The results are published each month in the Responsible Investment section of the website. The MSCI Europe includes over 400 large and medium-cap companies in 15 developed European countries.

The reference indicator is used solely to assess the fund's ESG performance. The fund is an actively managed UCITS where the investment manager has discretion over the composition of its portfolio, subject to the stated investment objectives and policy. The fund's investment universe is totally independent from this indicator, the individual constituents of which are not necessarily representative of the assets invested in by the fund. The fund's investment strategy is not dependent on the reference indicator. Therefore, the fund's holdings and the weightings may substantially deviate from the composition of the indicator. There is no limit set on the level of such deviation.

TAXONOMY

With regards to Regulation (EU) 2020/852 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment (referred to as the "Taxonomy Regulation"), the fund's investments make a contribution to the following environmental objectives: climate change mitigation and adaptation.

In addition, the fund has a target for carbon emissions as described below in the section: Carbon emissions.

The revenues of companies in which the fund invests are analysed as a key performance indicator to assess whether their activities are eligible for the Taxonomy Regulation. These companies are subject to an analysis of the minimum guarantees in place to ensure that their business activities comply with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. In addition, the fund ensures that these activities do no significant harm to the environmental objectives.

The fund assesses whether a business activity makes a substantial contribution to climate change adaptation or to climate change mitigation when the issuing companies make the technical screening criteria or data necessary for this assessment available, or when these are not required. If these technical screening criteria are required but not yet made available by the issuing companies, the fund will not be able to properly carry out this assessment. In this case, the fund nevertheless undertakes an analysis of the minimum guarantees and ensures no significant harm is done to the environmental objectives.

The proportion of the fund's investments that contribute to the two environmental objectives mentioned above is currently low. The fund anticipates an increase in the proportion of investments aligned with the Taxonomy Regulation once it is in a position to identify more companies with business activities aligned with the environmental objectives defined in the Taxonomy Regulation, as companies make the technical screening criteria and data necessary for this analysis available to the fund.

Description of asset categories and financial contracts as well as their contribution to the investment objective being achieved

EQUITIES

A minimum of 75% of the portfolio is invested in securities eligible for the PEA (French equity savings plan), i.e. in the equity markets of member states of the European Economic Area. The remainder may be invested in equities or other equity securities on global markets, across all sectors. Where applicable, the portion of assets invested in equities of emerging countries may not exceed 10% of the assets; the objective of these investments is to seek out opportunities in high-growth economic zones.

Net equity market exposure is between -20% and +50% of the net assets.

DEBT SECURITIES AND MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS

In order to allow the portfolio manager to diversify the portfolio, up to 25% of the fund's assets may be invested in money market instruments, transferable debt securities, and fixed or floating rate, covered or uncovered bonds, which may be linked to inflation in the Eurozone or international – including emerging – markets. The fund may invest in securities issued by corporate or government issuers. There are no restrictions on allocation between corporate and government debt, nor on the maturity and duration of securities chosen.

The portfolio manager reserves the right to invest up to 10% of the net assets in bonds rated below investment grade by at least one of the main rating agencies. The fund may also invest in unrated bonds. In the latter case, the company may carry out its own analysis and assign an internal rating. If the bond rating is analysed and found to be below investment grade, it is then subject to the limits shown above.

For all of these assets, the management company will carry out its own analysis of the risk/reward profile of the securities (profitability, creditworthiness, liquidity, maturity). As a result, the decision to buy, hold or sell a security (particularly where agency ratings have changed) is not solely based on the rating criteria, but also reflects an internal analysis of the credit risks and market conditions carried out by the management company.

UCIS AND OTHER INVESTMENT FUNDS, TRACKERS OR EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS (ETFs)

The fund may invest up to 10% of its net assets in:

- Units or shares of French or foreign UCITS;
- Units or shares of French or European AIFs;
- Foreign investment funds.

Provided that the foreign UCITS, AIFs or investment funds meet the criteria of Article R214-13 of the French monetary and financial code.

The fund may invest in funds managed by Carmignac Gestion or an affiliated company.

The fund may use trackers, listed index funds and exchange-traded funds.

DERIVATIVES

In order to achieve its investment objective, the fund invests in futures traded on Eurozone and international — including emerging — regulated, organised or over-the-counter markets for exposure, relative value or hedging purposes.

The derivatives liable to be used by the portfolio manager include options (vanilla, barrier, binary), futures, forwards, forward exchange contracts, swaps (including performance swaps), and CFDs (contracts for difference), involving one or more risks/underlying instruments in which the portfolio manager may invest.

These derivatives allow the portfolio manager to expose the fund to the following risks, while respecting the portfolio's overall constraints. Unless mentioned otherwise, each risk shall be limited to 100% of the assets:

- Equities,
- Currencies,
- Fixed income,
- Dividends,
- Volatility and variance (up to 10% of the net assets),
- Commodities through eligible financial contracts for up to 20% of the net assets,
- ETF (financial instruments)

Overall exposure to derivatives is controlled by combining leverage, defined as the sum of gross nominal amounts of derivatives without netting or hedging, with the fund's VaR limit (cf. section VI. "Overall risk").

Derivative transactions may be concluded with counterparties selected by the management company in accordance with its "Best Execution/Best Selection" policy and the approval procedure for new counterparties. These counterparties are credit institutions or investment companies established in a European Union member state, with a minimum credit rating of BBB- (or equivalent) from at least one of the main credit rating agencies. Derivatives are subject to guarantees; the section entitled "Contracts as Collateral" contains information on how these work and on their characteristics. It should be noted that these counterparties have no discretionary decision-making powers over the composition or management of the fund's portfolio or over the underlying assets of financial derivative instruments.

STRATEGY FOR USING DERIVATIVES TO ACHIEVE THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

Derivatives of equities, equity indices and baskets of equities or equity indices are used to gain long or short exposure, or hedge exposure, to a security, group of securities, economic sector or region, or simply adjust the fund's overall exposure to equity markets, depending on the country, region, economic sector, issuer or group of issuers. They are also used to pursue relative value strategies, where the fund takes simultaneous long and short positions on equity markets.

Currency derivatives are used to gain long or short exposure, hedge exposure to a currency, or simply adjust the fund's overall exposure to currency risk. They may also be used to pursue relative value strategies, where the fund takes simultaneous long and short positions on foreign exchange markets.

Interest rate derivatives are used to gain long or short exposure, hedge against interest rate risk, or simply adjust the portfolio's modified duration. Interest rate derivatives are also used to pursue relative value strategies, where the fund takes simultaneous long and short positions on different fixed income markets, depending on the country, region or yield curve segment.

Volatility or variance instruments are used to gain long or short exposure to market volatility, to hedge equity exposure or to adjust the portfolio's overall exposure to market volatility or variance. They are also used to pursue relative value strategies, where the fund takes simultaneous long and short positions on market volatility.

Dividend derivatives are used to gain long or short exposure to the dividend of an issuer or group of issuers, or to hedge the dividend risk on an issuer or group of issuers, dividend risk being the risk that the dividend of a share or equity index is not paid as anticipated by the market. They are also used to pursue relative value strategies, where the fund takes simultaneous long and short positions on equity market dividends.

Commodity derivatives are used to gain long or short exposure to commodities, to hedge commodity exposure, or to adjust the portfolio's commodity exposure. They are also used to pursue relative value strategies, where the fund takes simultaneous long and short positions on commodities.

SECURITIES WITH EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES

The fund may invest in securities with embedded derivatives (particularly warrants, convertible bonds, callable/puttable bonds, credit-linked notes (CLN), EMTN, subscription certificates) traded on regulated, organised or over-the-counter Eurozone and/or international markets. The fund may hold subscription certificates or warrants on an ancillary basis following corporate actions resulting in the award of this type of security.

These securities with embedded derivatives allow the portfolio manager to expose the fund to the following risks, while respecting the portfolio's overall constraints:

- Equities,
- Currencies,
- Fixed income,
- Credit,
- Dividends,
- Volatility and variance (up to 10% of the net assets),
- Commodities through eligible financial contracts for up to 20% of the net assets,
- ETF (financial instruments)

The risk associated with this type of investment is limited to the amount invested in its purchase.

The amount of this type of investment in securities with embedded derivatives, excluding contingent convertible bonds and callable/puttable bonds, may not exceed 10% of the net assets.

The portfolio manager may invest up to 10% of the net assets in contingent convertible bonds ("CoCos"). These securities often deliver a higher return (in exchange for higher risk) than conventional bonds due to their specific structure and the place they occupy in the capital structure of the issuer (subordinated debt). They are issued by banks under the oversight of a supervisory authority. They may have bond and equity features, being hybrid convertible instruments. They have a safeguard mechanism that turns them into ordinary shares if a trigger event threatens the issuing bank.

The fund may also invest up to 25% of its net assets in callable bonds and puttable bonds. These negotiable debt securities have an optional component allowing for early redemption subject to certain conditions (holding period, occurrence of a specific event, etc.) on the initiative of the issuer (in the case of callable bonds) or at the request of the investor (in the case of puttable bonds).

STRATEGY FOR USING INSTRUMENTS WITH EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES TO ACHIEVE THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The portfolio manager uses securities with embedded derivatives, as opposed to the other derivatives mentioned above, to optimise the portfolio's exposure or hedging, either by reducing the cost of using these financial instruments, or by gaining exposure to several performance drivers.

DEPOSITS AND CASH

The fund may use deposits in order to optimise its cash management and to manage the various subscription or redemption settlement dates of the underlying funds. These trades are made within the limit of 20% of the net assets. This type of transaction will be made on an exceptional basis.

The fund may hold cash on an ancillary basis, in particular in order to meet its redemption obligations in relation to investors.

Cash lending is prohibited.

CASH BORROWING

The fund may borrow cash, in particular to cover investment/disinvestments and subscriptions/redemptions. As the fund is not intended to be a structural borrower of cash, these loans will be temporary and limited to 10% of the fund's net assets.

TEMPORARY PURCHASE AND SALE OF SECURITIES

For efficient portfolio management purposes, and without deviating from its investment objectives, the fund may allocate up to 20% of its net assets to temporary purchases/sales (securities financing transactions) of securities eligible for the fund (essentially equities and money market instruments). These trades are made to optimise the fund's income, invest its cash, adjust the portfolio to changes in the assets under management, or implement the strategies described above. These transactions consist of:

- Securities repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements,
- Securities lending/borrowing.

The expected proportion of assets under management that will be involved in such transactions is 10% of the net assets.

The counterparty to these transactions is the fund's custodian. The custodian does not have any power over the composition or management of the fund's portfolio.

Within the scope of these transactions, the fund may receive/give financial guarantees (collateral); the section entitled "Collateral management" contains information on how these work and on their characteristics.

Additional information on fees linked to such transactions appears under the heading "Fees and expenses".

Contracts constituting financial guarantees

Within the scope of OTC derivatives transactions and temporary purchases/sales of securities, the fund may receive or give financial assets constituting guarantees with the objective of reducing its overall counterparty risk.

The financial guarantees shall primarily take the form of cash in the case of OTC derivatives transactions, and cash and eligible government bonds in the case of temporary purchases/sales of securities. All financial guarantees received or given are transferred with full ownership.

The counterparty risk inherent in OTC derivatives transactions, combined with the risk resulting from temporary purchases/sales of securities, may not exceed 10% of the fund's net assets where the counterparty is one of the credit institutions defined in the current regulations, or 5% of its assets in other cases.

In this regard, any financial guarantee (collateral) received and serving to reduce counterparty risk exposure shall comply with the following:

- it shall take the form of cash or bonds or treasury bills (of any maturity) issued or guaranteed by OECD member states, by their regional public authorities or by supranational institutions and bodies with EU, regional or worldwide scope;
- It shall be held by the Custodian of the fund or by one of its agents or a third party under its supervision or by any third-party custodian subject to prudential supervision and which is not linked in any way to the provider of the financial guarantees;
- In accordance with the regulations in force, they shall at all times fulfil liquidity, valuation (at least daily), issuer credit rating (at least AA-), counterparty correlation (low) and diversification criteria, and exposure to any given issuer shall not exceed 20% of the net assets;
- Financial guarantees received in the form of cash shall be mainly deposited with eligible entities and/or used in reverse repurchase transactions, and to a lesser extent invested in first-rate government bonds or treasury bills and short-term money market funds.

Government bonds and treasury bills received as collateral are subject to a discount. The management company agrees this contractually with each counterparty.

Risk profile

The fund invests in financial instruments and, where applicable, funds selected by the management company. The performance of these instruments depends on the evolution and fluctuations of the market.

The risk factors described below are not exhaustive. It is up to each investor to analyse the risk associated with such an investment and to form his/her own opinion independent of CARMIGNAC GESTION, where necessary seeking the opinion of any advisers specialised in such matters in order to ensure that this investment is appropriate in relation to his/her financial situation.

- a) Risk associated with discretionary management: discretionary management is based on the expected evolution of the financial markets. The fund's performance will depend on the companies selected and asset allocation chosen by the management company. There is a risk that the management company may not invest in the best performing companies.
- **b)** Risk of capital loss: the portfolio is managed on a discretionary basis and does not guarantee or protect the capital invested. A capital loss occurs when a unit is sold at a lower price than that paid at the time of purchase.
- c) Risk associated with the Long/Short strategy: this risk is associated with long and/or short positions used to adjust net market exposure. The fund could suffer high losses if its long and short exposures were to move simultaneously in the wrong directions.
- **d) Equity risk:** as the fund is exposed to the risks of the equity markets, the net asset value of the fund may decrease in the event of a downward or upward movement on the equity markets.
- **e) Currency risk:** currency risk is linked to exposure through investments and the use of forward financial instruments to a currency other than the fund's valuation currency. The fluctuations of currencies against the euro may have a positive or negative influence on the fund's net asset value.
- f) Interest rate risk: interest rate risk is the risk that the net asset value may fall in the event of a change in interest rates. When the modified duration of the portfolio is positive, a rise in interest rates may lead to a reduction in the value of the portfolio. When the modified duration of the portfolio is negative, a fall in interest rates may lead to a reduction in the value of the portfolio.
- g) Credit risk: credit risk is the risk that the issuer may default. Should the quality of bond issuers decline, for example in the event of a downgrade in their rating by the financial rating agencies, the value of corporate bonds may drop. The net asset value of the fund may decrease.
- h) Risk associated with high yield bonds: a bond is considered a high yield bond when its credit rating is below investment grade. The manager reserves the right to invest up to 10% of the net assets in high yield bonds on an ancillary basis. The value of high yield bonds may fall more substantially and more rapidly than other bonds and negatively affect the net asset value of the fund, which may decrease as a result.

- i) Risk associated with investment in contingent convertible bonds (CoCos): risk related to the trigger threshold: these securities have characteristics specific to them. The occurrence of the contingent event may result in a conversion into shares or even a temporary or definitive writing off of all or part of the debt. The level of conversion risk may vary, for example depending on the distance between the issuer's capital ratio and a threshold defined in the issuance prospectus. Risk of loss of coupon: with certain types of CoCo, payment of coupons is discretionary and may be cancelled by the issuer. Risk linked to the complexity of the instrument: as these securities are recent, their performance in periods of stress has not been established beyond doubt. Risk linked to late or non repayment: contingent convertible bonds are perpetual instruments repayable only at predetermined levels with the approval of the relevant authority. Capital structure risk: unlike with the standard capital hierarchy, investors in this type of instrument may suffer a capital loss, which holders of shares in the same issuer would not incur. Liquidity risk: as with the high yield bond market, the liquidity of contingent convertible bonds may be affected significantly in the event of market turmoil.
- **j)** Capitalisation risk: the Fund may be exposed to small and mid-cap equity markets. As there are generally fewer small and mid-cap stocks listed on stock exchanges, market movements are more pronounced than in the case of large cap stocks. The net asset value of the fund may therefore be affected.
- **k)** Liquidity risk: the markets in which the fund participates may be subject to temporary illiquidity. These market distortions could have an impact on the pricing conditions under which the fund may have to liquidate, initiate or modify its positions, and may cause the fund's net asset value to fall.
- I) Risk associated with emerging countries: the operating and supervision conditions of these markets may deviate from the standards prevailing on the large international markets. Where applicable, the portion of assets invested in equities of emerging countries may not exceed 10% of the assets of the fund.
- m) Risk associated with commodity indices: changes in commodity prices and the volatility of the sector may cause the net asset value to fall.
- n) Counterparty risk: counterparty risk measures the potential loss in the event of a counterparty defaulting on over-the-counter financial contracts or failing to meet its contractual obligations on temporary purchases or sales of securities. The fund is exposed to it through over-the-counter financial contracts agreed with various counterparties. In order to reduce the fund's exposure to counterparty risk, the management company may establish financial guarantees in favour of the fund.
- **o) Volatility risk:** the increase or decrease in volatility may lead to a fall in net asset value. The fund is exposed to this risk, particularly through derivative products with volatility or variance as the underlying instrument.
- **p)** Risks associated with temporary purchases and sales of securities: the use of these transactions and management of their collateral may carry certain specific risks, such as operational risks and custody risk. Use of these transactions may therefore have a negative effect on the fund's net asset value.
- **q)** Legal risk: this is the risk that contracts agreed with counterparties to temporary purchases/sales of securities, or over-the-counter forward financial instruments, may be drafted inappropriately.
- r) Risk associated with the reinvestment of collateral: the Fund does not intend to reinvest collateral received, but if it does, there would be a risk of the resultant value being lower than the value initially received.

- s) Sustainability risk: refers to an event or an environmental, social or governance factor that, if it were to occur, could have a significant real or potential impact on the value of investments and, ultimately, on the net asset value of the Fund.
- ✓ Incorporation of sustainability risk into investment decisions

The fund's investments are exposed to sustainability risks, representing a real or potential threat to maximising long-term risk-adjusted rewards. The Management Company has therefore incorporated the identification and assessment of sustainability risks into its investment decisions and risk management processes, through a three-step procedure:

- 1/ Exclusion: Investments in companies that the Management Company believes do not meet the Fund's sustainability standards are excluded. The Management Company has established an exclusion policy that, amongst other things, provides for company exclusions and tolerance thresholds for business in fields such as controversial weapons, tobacco, adult entertainment, thermal coal production and electricity generation. For more information, please refer to the exclusion policy: https://www.carmignac.fr/fr_FR/responsible-investment/politiques-et-rapports-d-investissement-responsable-4738.
- 2/ Analysis: the Management Company incorporates an ESG analysis alongside a traditional financial analysis to identify sustainability risks from issuers in the investment universe, covering more than 90% of corporate bonds and equities. Carmignac's proprietary research system, START, is used by the Management Company to assess sustainability risks. For more information, please refer to the ESG incorporation policy at

https://www.carmignac.fr/fr_FR/responsible-investment/politiques-et-rapports-d-investissement-responsable-4738

and to details of the START system: https://www.carmignac.fr/fr_FR/responsible-investment/en-pratique-4692.

3/ Engagement: The Management Company works with issuers on ESG-related matters to raise awareness and gain a better understanding of sustainability risks to portfolios. This engagement may concern a specific environmental, social or governance matter, a long-term impact, controversial behaviour or proxy voting decisions. For more information, please refer to the engagement policy:

 $https://www.carmignac.fr/fr_FR/responsible-investment/politiques-et-rapports-d-investissement-responsable-4738 and$

https://www.carmignac.fr/fr_FR/responsible-investment/en-pratique-4692.

Potential impact of sustainability risk on the fund's returns.

Sustainability risks can have adverse effects on sustainability in terms of a significant real or potential negative impact on the value of investments and net asset value of the Fund, and ultimately on investors' return on investment.

There are several ways in which the Management Company may monitor and assess the financial significance of sustainability risks on a company's financial returns:

Environmental: the management company believes that if a company does not take into account the environmental impact of its business and the production of its goods and services, then it may lose natural capital, incur environmental fines, or suffer lower demand for its goods and services. Where relevant, a company's carbon footprint, water and waste management, and supply chain, are therefore all monitored.

Social: The management company believes that social indicators are important in monitoring a company's long-term growth potential and financial stability. These policies on human capital, product safety checks and client data protection are just some of the important practices that are monitored.

Governance: The management company believes that poor corporate governance may present a financial risk. The independence of the board of directors, composition and skills of the executive committee, treatment of minority shareholders, and remuneration, are the key factors studied. Companies' approach to accounting, tax and anti-corruption practices is also checked.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Target subscribers and investor profile

Units of this fund have not been registered in accordance with the US Securities Act of 1933. They may therefore not be offered or sold, either directly or indirectly on behalf of or for the benefit of a US person, as defined in Regulation S. Furthermore, units of this fund may not be offered or sold, either directly or indirectly, to US persons and/or to any entities held by one or more US persons as defined by the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA).

Aside from this exception, the fund is open to all investors.

Investors include institutions (including associations, pension funds, paid leave funds and all non-profit organisations), legal entities and natural persons. The fund's investment policy meets the needs of certain company treasurers, institutions subject to tax and high net worth individuals.

The fund is intended for all types of investors, natural persons and legal entities wishing to diversify their investments in stocks of all capitalisations issued in the European Economic Area. The fund has a defensive profile thanks to an active hedging policy.

The minimum recommended investment period is 3 years.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this fund depends on the personal situation of each investor. To determine this amount, investors' personal wealth, their cash requirements now and three years from now as well as their degree of risk aversion must all be taken into account. It is recommended that investors seek professional advice with a view to diversifying their investments and deciding on the proportion of their financial portfolio or wealth that should be invested in this fund. It is also recommended that investments be sufficiently diversified so as to avoid exposure exclusively to the risks of this fund.

Investment policy



Fund commentary

The fund recorded a loss of -6.41% in 2022 (A EUR Acc units – ISIN FR0010149179).

2022 was a difficult year for asset prices. The Nasdaq had its worst year since 2008, falling 33%, and there was a bear market for bonds for the first time in 70 years. Meanwhile, cryptocurrencies, venture capital, private equity and property prices all dropped significantly, whereas inflation spiked and central banks raised interest rates around the world.

We had a very negative view of asset prices at the start of the year. We had discussed this in our Q4 2021 letter, warning that a period of high asset price inflation, fuelled by monetary and fiscal stimulus packages around the world, would be followed by widespread asset price deflation.

We reduced our net and gross exposure early in January, and by mid-year, when European equities and the Nasdaq were down, we were still slightly up for the year. Our long positions still had a strong bias towards quality; this factor was heavily penalised by the compression of multiples, although earnings held up well. Quality stocks underperformed considerably, preventing us from achieving better returns in the first half of the year.

In Q3, the market experienced a massive rally going into the summer, only to hit new lows at the end of the quarter. October proved to be a particularly difficult month. Mild weather in Europe, central bank intervention and government measures to combat high energy prices all led to a significant short squeeze and stock rotation. This lasted for most of the quarter, with the technology sector and quality stocks continuing to underperform, despite the fact that yields had started to fall following weaker consumer price index figures.

Table showing the annual performance of the different Carmignac Long Short European Equities units over 2022

| Units | ISIN | Currency | Performance 2022 |
|------------|--------------|----------|------------------|
| A EUR ACC | FR0010149179 | EUR | -6.41% |
| A EUR YDIS | FR0011269406 | EUR | -6.41% |

Past performance is not an indication of future results. Performance is shown net of fees (excluding any entry charges applied by the distributor).

Main changes to the portfolio during the year

| | | ounting currency") | |
|---|---------------|--------------------|--|
| Holding | Acquisitions | Disposals | |
| CARMIGNAC COURT TERME CCT - A EUR ACC EUR | 69,542,576.25 | 68,640,003.66 | |
| ITAL BUON ORDI DEL ZCP 14-10-22 | 38,630,097.67 | 38,637,000.00 | |
| DANONE | 58,187,467.00 | 5,373,500.00 | |
| VINCI SA | 40,586,300.00 | 10,045,200.00 | |
| KraneShares CSI China Internet ETF USD | 26,472,002.17 | 21,942,197.27 | |
| BMW BAYERISCHE MOTOREN WERKE | 42,393,967.21 | 3,276,555.62 | |
| NETFLIX INC | 21,857,501.69 | 22,442,809.81 | |
| iShares Physical Gold ETC | 21,274,640.52 | 21,375,507.64 | |
| SAP SE | 9,194,660.85 | 31,665,956.07 | |
| PUMA SE | 14,615,674.43 | 17,037,657.94 | |

Efficient portfolio and financial derivative management techniques

A) EXPOSURE OBTAINED THROUGH EFFICIENT PORTFOLIO AND FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES AT 30/12/2022

• Exposure obtained through efficient management techniques: 0.00

Securities lending: 0.00Securities borrowing: 0.00

o Reverse repurchase agreements: 0.00

o Repurchase agreements: 0.00

• Exposure to underlying instruments achieved through financial derivatives: 549,307,151.74

o Forward exchange contracts: 42,661,501.72

Futures: 72,714,653.09Options: 3,373,256.72Swap: 430,557,740.21

B) IDENTITY OF COUNTERPARTY/COUNTERPARTIES TO EFFICIENT PORTFOLIO AND FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES AT 30/12/2022

| Efficient management techniques | Financial derivatives (*) |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | BOFA SECURITIES EUROPE S.A BOFAFRP3 |
| | CITIGROUP |
| | CREDIT AGRICOLE CIB |
| | GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL |
| | JP MORGAN |
| | MORGAN STANLEY EUROPE SE - FRANKFURT |
| | STANDARD CHARTERED BANK AG |
| | UBS EUROPE |

^(*) Except listed derivatives

c) FINANCIAL GUARANTEES RECEIVED BY THE FUND IN ORDER TO REDUCE COUNTERPARTY RISK AT 30/12/2022

| Types of instrument | Amount in portfolio currency |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Efficient management techniques | |
| . Term deposits | 0.00 |
| . Equities | 0.00 |
| . Bonds | 0.00 |
| . UCITS | 0.00 |
| . Cash (*) | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 |
| Financial derivatives | |
| . Term deposits | 0.00 |
| . Equities | 0.00 |
| . Bonds | 0.00 |
| . UCITS | 0.00 |
| . Cash | 5,120,000.00 |
| Total | 5,120,000.00 |

 $^{(\}mbox{\ensuremath{^{\ast}}})$ The Cash account also includes cash resulting from repurchase agreements.

D) INCOME AND OPERATING EXPENSES ARISING FROM EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES FROM 01/01/2022 TO 30/12/2022

| Income and operating expenses | Amount in portfolio currency | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| . Income (*) | 0.00 | |
| . Other income | 0.00 | |
| Total income | 0.00 | |
| . Direct operating expenses | 0.00 | |
| . Indirect operating expenses | 0.00 | |
| . Other expenses | 0.00 | |
| Total expenses | 0.00 | |

^(*) Income from lending and repurchase agreements

Transparency of securities financing transactions and the reuse of financial instruments pursuant to the SFTR in the fund's currency of account (EUR)

The fund took no part in any trades covered by the SFTR during the year.

Regulatory information

Policy for the selection of intermediaries

"In its capacity as management company, Carmignac Gestion selects service providers whose execution policy guarantees the best possible result when executing orders transmitted on behalf of its UCITS or its clients. It also selects service providers to aid in making investment decisions and to execute orders. In both cases, Carmignac Gestion has defined a policy for selecting and evaluating intermediaries according to certain criteria. You can find the updated version of this policy at www.carmignac.com". You will also find a report on intermediary fees on this website.

Investment strategy and transparency with regard to carbon emissions

The information required under Implementation Decree no. 2021-663 of 27 May 2021 on Article 29 of the Energy-Climate Law will be issued within six month of the end of the accounting period to supplement this annual report.

Extra-financial characteristics

As at 30 December 2022, the financial product was classified under Article 8 of the EU SFDR. The required regulatory information is included in the appendix to this report.

Overall risk calculation method

The method used to determine the fund's overall risk is the absolute Value-at-Risk (VaR) method over a two-year historical horizon, with a 99% confidence threshold over 20 days. The envisaged leverage, calculated as the sum of nominal amounts without netting or hedging, is 200% but may be higher under certain conditions.

| | VaR 99%, 20 days | | |
|--|------------------|-------------|------|
| | Min | Averag e | Max |
| Carmignac Long-Short European Equities | 1.53 | 2.57 | 5.94 |

PEA

Pursuant to Article 91 quater L of the French Tax Code, Appendix 2, at least 75% of the fund is permanently invested in securities and interests mentioned in a, b and c of 1° of I of Article L. 221-31 of the French Monetary and Financial Code. Proportion of investments actually made during the year: 87.06%

Remuneration policy

Carmignac Gestion SA's remuneration policy is designed to comply with European and national remuneration and governance rules as set out in the UCITS Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 and 2014/91/EU of 23 July 2014, the ESMA guideline of 14 October 2016 (ESMA/2016/575), and the AIFM Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.

It promotes sound and effective risk management without excessive risk taking. In particular, it ties employees to the risks they take to ensure that Identified Staff are fully committed to the Company's long-term performance.

The remuneration policy was approved by the Board of Directors of the management company. The principles of this policy are re-evaluated at least once a year by the remuneration and nominations committee and Board of Directors, and are adjusted to fit the changing regulatory framework. Details of the remuneration policy, including a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, as well as information on the remuneration and nominations committee, can be found at www.carmignac.com. A printout of the remuneration policy is available free of charge upon request.

VARIABLE PART: DETERMINATION AND APPRAISAL

Variable remuneration depends on both the individual success of the employee and the performance of the Company as a whole.

The variable remuneration budget is determined on the basis of Carmignac Gestion SA's results over the previous financial year, while ensuring that capital remains at a sufficient level. It is then distributed between the various departments according to the assessment of their performance, and within each department according to employees' individual performance appraisals.

The amount of the variable portion allocated to each employee reflects their performance and the achievement of targets set by the Company.

These targets may be quantitative and/or qualitative and are linked to the employee's position. They take into account individual behaviour to avoid short-term risk taking. They give particular consideration to the sustainability of action taken by the employee and its long-term benefits for the company, the employee's personal involvement and the completion of assigned tasks.

2021 FINANCIAL YEAR

The implementation of the remuneration policy for 2021 has been assessed internally and independently to check compliance with the remuneration policies and procedures adopted by Carmignac Gestion's Board of Directors.

2022 FINANCIAL YEAR

The annual report produced by Carmignac Gestion's Board of Directors is available on the Carmignac website (www.carmignac.com).

| 2022 | |
|--|----------------|
| Number of employees | 176 |
| Fixed salaries paid in 2022 | €13,051,217.29 |
| Total variable remuneration paid in 2022 | €37,578,333.26 |
| Total remuneration paid in 2022 | €50,629,550.55 |
| > of which risk takers | €37,123,257.99 |
| > of which non-risk takers | €13,506,292.56 |

Below is the 2022 remuneration table for Carmignac Gestion Luxembourg, management company authorised by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier in Luxembourg, and to which management of the portfolio has been delegated.

| 2022 | |
|--|----------------|
| Number of employees | 151 |
| Fixed salaries paid in 2022 | €12,853,143.93 |
| Total variable remuneration paid in 2022 | €38,521,950.07 |
| Total remuneration paid in 2022 | €51,375,094.00 |
| > of which risk takers | €40,339,811.05 |
| > of which non-risk takers | €11,035,282.95 |

Substantial changes during the year

As of 1 January 2022, the portfolio has undergone the following changes:

- New investment objective: seek an absolute positive investment return over a three-year investment horizon. Removal of the reference indicator.
- SFDR 8: Conversion of the fund into a "Product with environmental and social characteristics" (Article 8 of the SFDR).
- Performance fee calculation method brought into line with the ESMA guidelines.

BNP S.A. became the depositary for the portfolio on 1 October 2022 following an intra-group merger.

ASSETS IN EUR

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| NET FIXED ASSETS | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| DEPOSITS | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS | 515,515,927.61 | 458,152,010.89 |
| Equities and similar securities | 480,863,578.46 | 432,011,763.94 |
| Traded on a regulated or similar market | 480,863,578.46 | 432,011,763.94 |
| Not traded on a regulated or similar market | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Bonds and similar securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Traded on a regulated or similar market | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Not traded on a regulated or similar market | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Debt securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Traded on a regulated or similar market | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Transferable debt securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other debt securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Not traded on a regulated or similar market | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Undertakings for collective investment | 16,780,069.62 | 12,449,697.51 |
| Retail UCITS and AIFs aimed at non-professional investors and equivalent funds of other countries | 16,780,069.62 | 12,449,697.51 |
| Other funds aimed at non-professional investors and equivalent funds of other EU member states | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Professional investment funds and equivalent funds of other EU member states and listed securitisation funds | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other professional investment funds and equivalent funds of other EU member states and unlisted securitisation funds | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other non-European funds | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Receivables on securities received under a repurchase agreement (pension) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Receivables on securities lent | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Securities borrowed | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Securities transferred under a repurchase agreement (pension) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other temporary transactions | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Forward financial instruments | 17,872,279.53 | 13,690,549.44 |
| Transactions on a regulated or similar market | 1,353,051.69 | 2,358,902.36 |
| Other transactions | 16,519,227.84 | 11,331,647.08 |
| Other financial instruments | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| RECEIVABLES | 47,057,057.89 | 145,533,246.48 |
| Currency forward exchange contracts | 42,661,501.72 | 137,675,405.90 |
| Other | 4,395,556.17 | 7,857,840.58 |
| FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS | 16,994,255.46 | 59,366,684.30 |
| Cash | 16,994,255.46 | 59,366,684.30 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 579,567,240.96 | 663,051,941.67 |

LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY IN EUR

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| EQUITY | | |
| Share capital | 470,869,103.26 | 437,038,385.39 |
| Non-distributed prior net capital gains and losses (a) | 889,142.11 | 191,393.65 |
| Retained earnings (a) | 72.26 | 0.00 |
| Net capital gains and losses for the financial year (a,b) | 33,549,589.50 | 43,268,635.78 |
| Profit/(loss) for the financial year (a,b) | 3,492,063.55 | 11,613,847.90 |
| TOTAL EQUITY* | 508,799,970.68 | 492,112,262.72 |
| *Amount corresponding to the net assets | | |
| FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS | 3,678,523.87 | 15,662,074.16 |
| Sales of financial instruments | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Payables on securities transferred under a repurchase agreement (pension) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Payables on securities borrowed | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other temporary transactions | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Forward financial instruments | 3,678,523.87 | 15,662,074.16 |
| Transactions on a regulated or similar market | 1,277,442.51 | 2,095,794.08 |
| Other transactions | 2,401,081.36 | 13,566,280.08 |
| PAYABLES | 48,268,171.33 | 144,300,488.49 |
| Currency forward exchange contracts | 42,129,547.05 | 137,357,982.77 |
| Other | 6,138,624.28 | 6,942,505.72 |
| FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS | 18,820,575.08 | 10,977,116.30 |
| Short-term bank loans | 18,820,575.08 | 10,977,116.30 |
| Borrowings | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 579,567,240.96 | 663,051,941.67 |

⁽a) Including accruals and deferrals

⁽b) Less interim dividends paid for the financial year

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| HEDGING TRANSACTIONS | | |
| Commitment on regulated or similar markets | | |
| Futures contracts | | |
| XEUR FGBX BUX 0322 | 0.00 | 25,429,020.0 |
| US TBOND 30 0322 | 0.00 | 5,078,921.9 |
| SP 500 MINI 0322 | 0.00 | 10,670,220.7 |
| DAX 30 IND FU 0323 | 14,337,700.00 | 0.0 |
| SP E-MIN INDU 0323 | 9,428,559.38 | 0.0 |
| XAE ENERGY SE 0323 | 3,708,334.50 | 0.0 |
| NQ USA NASDAQ 0322 | 0.00 | 22,101,613.6 |
| DJE 600 INDUS 0323 | 6,898,430.00 | 0.0 |
| DJE 600 EUROP 0322 | 0.00 | 11,140,850.0 |
| DJE 600 EUROP 0323 | 3,880,515.00 | 0. |
| DJS 600 CHEM 0323 | 3,647,040.00 | 0. |
| DJS TECH FUT 0322 | 0.00 | 14,413,080. |
| DJS TECH FUT 0323 | 3,260,615.00 | 0. |
| EURO STOXX 50 0322 | 0.00 | 10,418,625. |
| EURO STOXX 50 0323 | 14,458,700.00 | 0. |
| Options | | |
| ADYEN NV 01/2022 PUT 2300 | 0.00 | 1,435,441. |
| CARNIVAL CORP 01/2023 PUT 6.5 | 260,351.78 | 0. |
| DELIVERY HERO SE 01/2022 PUT 94 | 0.00 | 2,855,053. |
| FREEDOM HOLDING 03/2022 PUT 50 | 0.00 | 307,851. |
| S&P 500 INDEX 12/2022 CALL 4250 | 23,804.40 | 0. |
| S&P 500 INDEX 01/2023 PUT 3750 | 2,350,648.21 | 0. |
| Commitment on OTC markets | | |
| Futures contracts | | |
| BD SOX UBS 0222 | 0.00 | 5,404,858. |
| BD BNPCARM2 BNP 0322 | 0.00 | 5,811,617. |
| BD MSCMSPAC MORGAN S | 0.00 | 4,972,137. |
| BD MLCCSPA2 0322 | 0.00 | 4,583,731. |
| BOFA SECURITIES EURO | 0.00 | 5,010,709. |
| BD MLCCSPAC 0322 | 0.00 | 4,996,431. |
| MORGAN SE 0122 | 0.00 | 1,302,536. |
| UBS EUROPE SE 0222 | 0.00 | 9,303,737. |
| BOFA SECURITIES EURO | 0.00 | 10,853,827. |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MAR | 997,386.65 | 0. |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MAR | 2,016,454.36 | 0. |
| UBS EUROPE SE 0223 | 1,094,294.67 | 0.0 |
| BOFA SECURITIES EURO | 1,789,747.17 | 0.0 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Contracts for difference | | |
| DPW DEUTSCH P 1230 | 2,943,932.76 | 0.00 |
| GS HELLOFRESH 1230 | 9,649,100.00 | 8,104,800.00 |
| ML INDITEX 1230 | 16,152,500.00 | 0.00 |
| CFD UBS BEI | 36,448,000.00 | 0.00 |
| CFD JPM BASF | 17,090,076.00 | 8,649,200.00 |
| ML SIEMENS AG 1230 | 30,854,320.00 | 26,871,680.00 |
| JPX KONINKLIJKE 1230 | 4,064,647.00 | 9,174,200.00 |
| MS ALLIANZ SE 1230 | 15,790,740.00 | 8,015,290.00 |
| MS SAP SE 1230 | 0.00 | 11,867,123.70 |
| MS SCHAEFFLER 1230 | 0.00 | 955,646.10 |
| CFD 2SH 1230 | 18,962,099.40 | 23,037,000.00 |
| BAYER MS2 1230 | 13,047,750.00 | 12,690,000.00 |
| GS NN GROUP NV 1230 | 7,632,000.00 | 0.00 |
| GMW BMW GS 1230 | 36,270,300.00 | 0.00 |
| CFD MUV2 JPM | 16,720,000.00 | 0.00 |
| JP DANONE 1230 | 34,158,235.50 | 0.00 |
| BN DANON GB2X 1230 | 13,292,100.00 | 0.00 |
| CFD GS SILTRO 1230 | 1,391,418.55 | 0.00 |
| ML VINCI SA 1230 | 33,584,400.00 | 0.00 |
| ML CARREFOUR 1230 | 15,640,000.00 | 0.00 |
| SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC | 22,222,400.00 | 0.00 |
| ML BEIERSDORF 1230 | 6,432,000.00 | 0.00 |
| Other commitments | | |
| OTHER TRANSACTIONS | | |
| Commitment on regulated or similar markets | | |
| Futures contracts | | |
| SP 500 MINI 0323 | 3,979,479.97 | 0.00 |
| NQ USA NASDAQ 0323 | 206,554.23 | 0.00 |
| DJS F&B FUT 0323 | 8,908,725.00 | 0.00 |
| Options | | |
| ADYEN NV 01/2022 PUT 2040 | 0.00 | 318,293.55 |
| CLEARSIDE BIOMED 01/2022 CALL 7.5 | 0.00 | 50,238.28 |
| CLEARSIDE BIOMED 01/2022 CALL 5 | 0.00 | 600.69 |
| CARNIVAL CORP 01/2023 PUT 7.5 | 738,452.33 | 0.00 |
| DELIVERY HERO SE 01/2022 CALL 110 | 0.00 | 935,625.60 |
| DELIVERY HERO SE 01/2022 PUT 84 | 0.00 | 1,039,701.60 |
| Commitment on OTC markets | | |
| Futures contracts | | |
| UBCATEL2 UBS 0223 | 4,211,741.05 | 0.00 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Contracts for difference | | |
| MS ALPHABET A 1230 | 0.00 | 11,568,289.34 |
| CFD UB REGE | 0.00 | 3,554,874.16 |
| MLF LIFE MS | 0.00 | 9,367,935.54 |
| CFD GS KLEPI 1230 | 2,070,217.15 | 0.00 |
| MS FACEBOOK I | 0.00 | 8,319,131.60 |
| ASA GS SAP 1230 | 0.00 | 22,175,995.00 |
| MS SALESFORCE 1230 | 0.00 | 9,772,786.81 |
| MS UNIBAIL 1230 | 1,665,382.98 | 0.00 |
| BOFA FRAPORT 1230 | 0.00 | 1,677,102.02 |
| GS TEXAS ROAD | 0.00 | 1,013,624.76 |
| MS DELL TECHN | 0.00 | 15,505,083.42 |
| DPW DEUTSCH P 1230 | 0.00 | 4,731,380.28 |
| GS JUNIPER NE | 0.00 | 2,318,386.65 |
| JP ADIDAS 1230 | 0.00 | 1,204,219.20 |
| CFD JP MORGAN CPB 12 | 0.00 | 2,170,019.10 |
| CFD UBSWDE24 K | 0.00 | 2,737,850.00 |
| KGF KINGF G2X 1230 | 0.00 | 4,465,850.11 |
| ERF EUROF UBS 1230 | 1,717,138.36 | 1,738,406.40 |
| GS ASM PACIFI | 0.00 | 934,110.28 |
| UBS CD PROJEK 1230 | 0.00 | 647,384.07 |
| CFD MSFFDEF UBER | 0.00 | 10,162,604.92 |
| CFD MSFFDEFX TT | 0.00 | 15,500,612.63 |
| MS AIRBNB INC 1230 | 3,552,746.31 | 0.00 |
| ML INDITEX 1230 | 0.00 | 14,265,000.00 |
| CFD UBS BEI | 0.00 | 14,460,800.00 |
| GS LPKF LASER 1230 | 0.00 | 1,999,997.16 |
| MS GUESS? INC 1230 | 2,786,951.24 | 4,250,718.26 |
| CFD GOLDMAN S AWE | 0.00 | 3,389,755.97 |
| CFD MORGAN S AWE | 0.00 | 161,684.27 |
| GLO GS LONZA 1230 | 817,686.16 | 3,732,475.80 |
| UBS LPKF LAS 1230 | 0.00 | 1,137,462.48 |
| JPX PELOT 1230 | 0.00 | 2,573,543.93 |
| CFD SECUB BOFA | 1,273,427.06 | 1,721,782.60 |
| MS SIGNIFY 1230 | 0.00 | 738,729.70 |
| JP BURBERRY G 1230 | 0.00 | 3,537,046.36 |
| CFD NESN GOLDMAN | 0.00 | 2,666,136.06 |
| MS APPLE 1230 | 2,709,507.69 | 0.00 |
| ALSTOM CHA 1230 | 839,570.62 | 8,296,808.66 |
| CFD FAGR JPM | 0.00 | 611,669.20 |
| | | |
| GS HP INC 1230 | 0.00 | 2,998,693.65 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| JPX MASTEC 1230 | 0.00 | 6,065,146.01 |
| JPX SIGNIFY N 1230 | 0.00 | 52,891.66 |
| JP NORDEX SE 1230 | 0.00 | 4,435,273.05 |
| NESN NESTL BO 1230 | 4,012,501.23 | 6,790,117.34 |
| UBS ELUXB SEK 1230 | 0.00 | 1,386,776.95 |
| GS MEDMIX AG 1230 | 0.00 | 11,403,036.20 |
| CFD MS DEUTSCHE POST | 0.00 | 3,473,930.68 |
| CFD TRUEB MORGAN ST | 0.00 | 258,791.10 |
| CFD ISS MORGAN ST | 0.00 | 2,246,020.22 |
| MS WISE PLC - 1230 | 0.00 | 3,525,822.68 |
| CFD TTCF BOFA | 0.00 | 4,771,567.11 |
| GS AUTOSTORE 1230 | 0.00 | 2,198,390.91 |
| UBS AUTOSTORE 1230 | 0.00 | 5,556,820.63 |
| CFD GOLDMAN QTCOM | 0.00 | 784,632.80 |
| GS WORKDAY IN 1230 | 0.00 | 10,313,433.82 |
| GS MICROSOFT CORP 12 | 0.00 | 1,563,302.43 |
| ML GLOBALFOUN | 0.00 | 665,525.44 |
| PX AVEVA GRO | 0.00 | 2,463,521.34 |
| CFD SUBC MORGAN ST 1 | 526,867.73 | 1,012,484.05 |
| GOLDMAN SACHS INTERN | 704,807.38 | 2,958,012.63 |
| GS FEDEX CORP 3012 | 0.00 | 788,292.51 |
| IBS CLEARSIDE 1230 | 0.00 | 9,745.43 |
| JBS CLEARSIDE | 0.00 | 113,232.50 |
| CFD TMO GOLDMAN | 0.00 | 6,985,132.08 |
| CFD MORGAN ST AML | 0.00 | 5,009,371.31 |
| IPX WAYFAIR INC 1230 | 0.00 | 776,117.32 |
| CFD9FF 1230 | 0.00 | 828,132.54 |
| MS SHOP APOTH 1230 | 0.00 | 2,397,428.00 |
| MS KINNEVIK 1230 | 521,753.95 | 0.00 |
| MS UNITED MICROELEC | 805,253.88 | 0.00 |
| CFD BOA HPACK | 1,348,491.02 | 0.00 |
| MS REXEL SA 1230 | 930,205.80 | 0.00 |
| MS HEWLETT PA 1230 | 49,020.27 | 0.00 |
| MS HUGO BOSS 1230 | 2,935,742.80 | 0.00 |
| UBS GETINGE A 1230 | 1,044,324.27 | 0.00 |
| CFD TSCO MST 1230 | 1,085,589.60 | 0.00 |
| CFD DEERE AND CO MS | 255,508.42 | 0.00 |
| FDR UBS | 304,266.60 | 0.00 |
| PAG UBS | 106,395.73 | 0.00 |
| AAPL GOLDMAN | 3,573,151.09 | 0.00 |
| TRACTOR SUPPLY | 102,445.93 | 0.00 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------|
| WILSCOT MOBILE MINI HOLDING | 1,101,305.76 | 0.00 |
| TUI GS AG 1230 | 464,043.84 | 0.00 |
| PENSKE AUTO GROUP | 9,368.85 | 0.00 |
| CFD GS ADECCO CHF 12 | 975,663.92 | 0.00 |
| GS SECURITAS 1230 | 222,626.67 | 0.00 |
| MS VALEO 1230 | 1,638,320.10 | 0.00 |
| SUBC GOLDMAN 1230 | 21,892.79 | 0.00 |
| MS CARNIVAL USD 1230 | 1,297,710.98 | 0.00 |
| DECK JP 1230 | 1,729,038.82 | 0.00 |
| POOL CORP | 2,236,208.03 | 0.00 |
| FRONTDOOR INC | 3,367,134.60 | 0.00 |
| MS FLOOR & DECOR 123 | 621,434.29 | 0.00 |
| MS DAIMLER TR 1230 | 741,252.51 | 0.00 |
| FRANCHISE GROUP | 742,978.66 | 0.00 |
| AUTOSTORE HOLDINGS | 842,717.96 | 0.00 |
| G24 MORGAN 1230 | 2,381,791.36 | 0.00 |
| MS PENTAIR PLC 1230 | 630,583.99 | 0.00 |
| MS SKECHERS U 1230 | 2,079,635.14 | 0.00 |
| MS LULULEMON ATHLETI | 279,779.02 | 0.00 |
| MS VALMT FH 1230 | 1,038,806.08 | 0.00 |
| DICK'S SPORTING GOODS | 3,096,262.91 | 0.00 |
| FRESENIUS MEDICAL | 3,172,432.32 | 0.00 |
| WELLTOWER INC | 2,192,370.34 | 0.00 |
| ML STELLANTIS NV 123 | 1,479,784.90 | 0.00 |
| Other commitments | | |

CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES INCOME STATEMENT

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Income from financial transactions | | |
| Income from deposits and financial accounts | 211,326.24 | 26,721.49 |
| Income from equities and similar securities | 12,596,226.30 | 24,361,802.69 |
| Income from bonds and similar securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Income from debt securities | 6,902.33 | 101.97 |
| Income from temporary purchases and sales of securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Income from financial futures | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other financial income | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL (1) | 12,814,454.87 | 24,388,626.15 |
| Payables on financial transactions | | |
| Payables on temporary purchases and sales of securities | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Payables on financial futures | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Payables on financial debts | 433,656.64 | 443,892.60 |
| Other payables | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL (2) | 433,656.64 | 443,892.60 |
| PROFIT/(LOSS) ON FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS (1 - 2) | 12,380,798.23 | 23,944,733.55 |
| Other income (3) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Management fee and depreciation allowance (4) (*) | 8,393,616.82 | 9,993,871.64 |
| Net profit/(loss) for the financial year (L. 214-17-1) (1 - 2 + 3 - 4) | 3,987,181.41 | 13,950,861.91 |
| Income equalisation for the financial year (5) | -495,117.86 | -2,337,014.01 |
| Interim dividends on income paid for the financial year (6) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PROFIT/(LOSS) (1 - 2 + 3 - 4 + 5 - 6) | 3,492,063.55 | 11,613,847.90 |

 $[\]label{eq:costs} \mbox{(*) Research costs are included under "Management fee and depreciation allowance"}.$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

Accounting methods and rules

The annual financial statements are drawn up in the form required by ANC Regulation 2014-01, as amended.

The general principles of accounting apply:

- a true and fair view, comparability, going concern,
- lawfulness and fairness,
- prudence,
- consistent practice from one financial year to the next.

Income from fixed income securities is recorded on the basis of accrued interest.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded exclusive of costs.

The accounting currency of the portfolio is the euro.

There are 12 months in the financial year.

Asset valuation rules

Financial instruments are recorded in the financial statements using the historical cost method and are entered on the balance sheet at their current value as determined by the last-known market value or, where a market does not exist, by any external means or by using financial models.

Differences between the current values used to calculate the net asset value and the historical costs of transferable securities when first included in the portfolio are recorded in "valuation differentials" accounts.

Securities that are not denominated in the currency of the portfolio are valued in accordance with the principle described

below;

the valuation is then converted into the currency of the portfolio on the basis of the exchange rate prevailing on the valuation day.

DEPOSITS:

Deposits with a residual maturity of less than or equal to three months are valued using the straight-line method.

EQUITIES, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES TRADED ON A REGULATED OR SIMILAR MARKET:

For the calculation of the net asset value, equities and other securities traded on a regulated or similar market are valued on the basis of the last market price of the day.

Bonds and other similar securities are valued at the closing price supplied by various financial service providers. Interest accrued on bonds and other similar securities is calculated up to the date of the net asset value.

EQUITIES, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES NOT TRADED ON A REGULATED OR SIMILAR MARKET:

Securities not traded on a regulated market are valued by the management company using methods based on the market value and the yield, while taking account of recent prices observed for significant transactions.

TRANSFERABLE DEBT SECURITIES:

Transferable debt securities and similar securities that are not traded in large volumes are valued on the basis of an actuarial method, the reference rate (as defined below) being increased, where applicable, by a differential representative of the intrinsic characteristics of the issuer:

- Transferable debt securities with a maturity of less than or equal to one year: Interbank rate in euro (Euribor);
- Transferable debt securities with a maturity exceeding one year: valued using rates for French Treasury bills (BTAN and OAT) with similar maturity dates for the longer durations.

Transferable debt securities with a residual maturity of less than three months may be valued using the straight-line method.

French treasury bills are valued on the basis of market prices, as published daily by the Bank of France or by treasury bill specialists.

UCIS HELD BY THE FUND:

Units or shares of UCIs will be valued at their last-known net asset value.

TEMPORARY TRANSACTIONS ON SECURITIES:

Securities received under repurchase agreements are recorded as an asset under the heading "Receivables on securities received under a repurchase agreement (*pension*)" at the contract amount, plus any accrued interest receivable.

Securities transferred under a repurchase agreement are recorded as securities purchased at their current value. The payables on securities transferred under a repurchase agreement are recorded as securities sold at the value determined in the contract, plus any accrued interest payable.

Securities lent are valued at their current value and are recorded as an asset under the heading "Receivables on securities lent" at their current value, plus any accrued interest receivable.

Securities borrowed are recorded as an asset under the heading "Securities borrowed" at the contract amount and as a liability under the heading "Payables on securities borrowed" at the contract amount, plus any accrued interest payable.

FORWARD FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Forward financial instruments traded on a regulated or similar market:

Forward financial instruments traded on regulated markets are valued at the settlement price of that day.

Forward financial instruments not traded on a regulated or similar market:

Swaps:

Interest rate and/or currency swaps are valued at their market value by discounting future interest payments at the interest rate and/or currency exchange rate prevailing on the market. This price is adjusted to the issuer's risk.

Index swaps are valued using an actuarial method on the basis of a reference rate provided by the counterparty.

Other swaps are valued at their market value or at a value estimated according to the terms and conditions determined by the management company.

Off-balance sheet commitments:

Futures contracts are recorded at their market value as off-balance sheet commitments on the basis of the price used in the portfolio.

Options are converted into the underlying equivalent.

Swap commitments are recorded at their nominal value or, where there is no nominal value, at an equivalent amount.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

| NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------------------|--|
| GS HELLOFRESH 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD JPM BASF | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ML SIEMENS AG 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| JPX KONINKLIJKE 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS ALLIANZ SE 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD 2SH 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| BAYER MS2 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CARNIVAL CORP 01/2023 PUT 6 | Foreign options - Regulated market |
| CARNIVAL CORP 01/2023 PUT 7 | Foreign options - Regulated market |
| SP 500 MINI 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| DAX 30 IND FU 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| SP E-MIN INDU 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| XAE ENERGY SE 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| NQ USA NASDAQ 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| DJS F&B FUT 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| DJE 600 INDUS 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| S&P 500 INDEX 12/2022 CALL 4250 | Foreign options - Regulated market |
| DJE 600 EUROP 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| S&P 500 INDEX 01/2023 PUT 3750 | Foreign options - Regulated market |
| DJS 600 CHEM 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| DJS TECH FUT 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| EURO STOXX 50 0323 | Foreign futures - Regulated market |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MAR | BASKET - FORWARD ON A BASKET OF EQUITIES |
| UBCATEL2 UBS 0223 | BASKET - FORWARD ON A BASKET OF EQUITIES |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MAR | BASKET - FORWARD ON A BASKET OF EQUITIES |
| UBS EUROPE SE 0223 | BASKET - FORWARD ON A BASKET OF EQUITIES |
| BOFA SECURITIES EURO | BASKET - FORWARD ON A BASKET OF EQUITIES |
| CFD GS KLEPI 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS UNIBAIL 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| DPW DEUTSCH P 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ERF EUROF UBS 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS AIRBNB INC 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ML INDITEX 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD UBS BEI | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS GUESS? INC 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GLO GS LONZA 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD SECUB BOFA | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS APPLE 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ALSTOM CHA 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| NESN NESTL BO 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD SUBC MORGAN ST 1 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GOLDMAN SACHS INTERN | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GS NN GROUP NV 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |

| NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| GMW BMW GS 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD MUV2 JPM | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS KINNEVIK 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS UNITED MICROELEC | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| JP DANONE 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| BN DANON GB2X 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD GS SILTRO 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD BOA HPACK | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ML VINCI SA 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS REXEL SA 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS HEWLETT PA 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ML CARREFOUR 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS HUGO BOSS 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| UBS GETINGE A 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD TSCO MST 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD DEERE AND CO MS | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| FDR UBS | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| PAG UBS | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| AAPL GOLDMAN | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GOLDMAN SACHS INTL | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GOLDMAN SACHS | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| TUI GS AG 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GOLDMAN SACHS | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| CFD GS ADECCO CHF 12 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GS SECURITAS 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS VALEO 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| SUBC GOLDMAN 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS CARNIVAL USD 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| DECK JP 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| GOLDMAN SACHS INTL | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MORGAN STANLEY BANK | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MORGAN STANLEY BANK | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS FLOOR & DECOR 123 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS DAIMLER TR 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MERRILL LYNCH INTL | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ML BEIERSDORF 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MERRILL LYNCH INTL | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| G24 MORGAN 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS PENTAIR PLC 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS SKECHERS U 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS LULULEMON ATHLETI | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MS VALMT FH 1230 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| JP MORGAN AG | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| MORGAN STANLEY BANK | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| JP MORGAN AG | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |
| ML STELLANTIS NV 123 | CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE ON SHARES |

Management fees

Management fees and operating costs cover all the charges relating to the UCI: investment, administrative, accounting, custody, distribution, audit fees, etc.

These fees are recorded in the UCI's income statement.

Management fees do not include transaction fees. Please refer to the prospectus for further details on the charges actually invoiced to the UCI.

They are recorded on a pro-rata basis each time the net asset value is calculated.

The combined total of these fees respects the limit of the net assets, as specified in the prospectus or fund rules: FR0010149179 – A EUR Acc units: Maximum of 1.50% inclusive of tax FR0011269406 – A EUR Y dis units: Maximum of 1.50% inclusive of tax

A provision for research costs is set aside on each net asset value date based on an annual budget of EUR 348,092.

Performance fee:

Performance fees are calculated for the financial year for each unit class. If a unit class is launched during the financial year, performance fees are calculated from the launch date of this unit class until the end of the first full financial year. Performance fees are based on the absolute performance of each unit class in the fund. If the value of the relevant unit class has risen during the financial year and is above the high-water mark (as defined below), a daily provision is recognised for a maximum of 20% of this excess performance. The applicable rate for the performance fee is 20% for all unit classes. If the fund is eligible for the booking of a performance fee, then:

- In the event of subscriptions, a system for neutralising the volume effect of these units on the performance fee is applied. This involves systematically deducting the share of the performance fee actually booked as a result of these newly subscribed units from the daily provision;
- In the event of redemptions, the portion of the performance fee provision corresponding to redeemed shares is transferred to the management company under the crystallisation principle.

The fund applies a high-water mark model whereby performance fees are provisioned on a daily basis only if, on the date of calculation, the net asset value of the relevant unit class is greater than the highest net asset value for this unit class recorded on any closing date over the fund's last five (5) financial years. This model takes effect on 1 January 2022 and is not applied retroactively. As a result, the net asset value of each unit class as at 1 January 2022 constitutes the high-water mark for that unit class.

For each unit class, the net asset value per share used to calculate the performance fee is the net asset value prior to the provision for the performance fee.

The full amount of the performance fee (as per the provision made) is paid to the management company at the end of the financial year.

Allocation of distributable income

DEFINITION OF DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME:

Distributable income is made up of:

INCOME:

The net income for the financial year is equal to the amount of interest, arrears, premiums and prizes, dividends, director's fees and any other income relating to the securities constituting the portfolio, plus income generated by temporary cash holdings and minus the amount of management fees and interest charges on loans. This is increased by retained earnings, plus or minus the balance of the income equalisation accounts.

CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES:

Realised capital gains, net of fees, minus realised capital losses, net of fees, recognised during the financial year, plus net capital gains of a similar nature recognised during previous financial years and which have not been distributed or accumulated, plus or minus the balance of the capital gains equalisation account.

ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME:

| Unit(s) | Allocation of net income | Allocation of net realised capital gains or losses |
|-------------------|--|--|
| A EUR Acc units | Accumulation | Accumulation |
| A EUR Y dis units | Distributed and/or carried forward on the decision of the management company | Distributed and/or carried forward on the decision of the management company |

CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES NET ASSET CHANGES

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| NET ASSETS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR | 492,112,262.72 | 312,324,168.99 |
| Subscriptions (including subscription fees paid to the Fund) | 254,644,811.03 | 306,800,051.71 |
| Redemptions (after deduction of redemption fees paid to the Fund) | -202,184,641.07 | -169,249,604.24 |
| Realised gains on deposits and financial instruments | 25,739,928.66 | 102,137,970.99 |
| Realised losses on deposits and financial instruments | -36,229,697.40 | -37,349,407.38 |
| Realised gains on forward financial instruments | 431,104,206.74 | 226,469,086.10 |
| Realised losses on forward financial instruments | -384,128,022.84 | -250,005,909.94 |
| Transaction fees | -6,923,438.42 | -9,964,636.74 |
| Foreign exchange differences | 1,807,216.46 | 3,765,405.73 |
| Changes in the valuation differential of deposits and financial instruments | -89,033,292.44 | -6,495,701.62 |
| Valuation differential for the financial year N | -39,186,688.88 | 49,846,603.56 |
| Valuation differential for the financial year N-1 | -49,846,603.56 | -56,342,305.18 |
| Changes in the valuation differential of forward financial instruments | 18,062,163.86 | -270,022.79 |
| Valuation differential for the financial year N | 14,883,565.88 | -3,178,597.98 |
| Valuation differential for the financial year N-1 | 3,178,597.98 | 2,908,575.19 |
| Dividends paid in the previous financial year on net capital gains and losses | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Dividends paid in the previous financial year on income | -158,708.03 | 0.00 |
| Net profit/(loss) for the financial year prior to the income equalisation account | 3,987,181.41 | 13,950,861.91 |
| Interim dividend(s) paid during the financial year on net capital gains and losses | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Interim dividend(s) paid during the financial year on income | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other items | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| NET ASSETS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR | 508,799,970.68 | 492,112,262.72 |

BREAKDOWN OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY LEGAL OR ECONOMIC STRUCTURE OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | Amount | % |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------|
| ASSETS | | |
| BONDS AND SIMILAR SECURITIES | | |
| TOTAL BONDS AND SIMILAR SECURITIES | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| DEBT SECURITIES | | |
| TOTAL DEBT SECURITIES | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| SALES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS | | |
| TOTAL SALES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET | | |
| HEDGING TRANSACTIONS | | |
| Equities | 420,498,600.33 | 82.65 |
| TOTAL HEDGING TRANSACTIONS | 420,498,600.33 | 82.65 |
| OTHER TRANSACTIONS | | |
| Equities | 86,147,049.69 | 16.93 |
| TOTAL OTHER TRANSACTIONS | 86,147,049.69 | 16.93 |

BREAKDOWN BY INTEREST RATES OF ASSET, LIABILITY AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | Fixed rate | % | Variable rate | % | Adjustable rate | % | Other | % |
|---|------------|------|---------------|------|-----------------|------|---------------|------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Deposits | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Bonds and similar securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Debt securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Financial accounts | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16,994,255.46 | 3.34 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Financial accounts | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 18,820,575.08 | 3.70 |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET | | | | | | | | |
| Hedging transactions | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other transactions | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

BREAKDOWN BY RESIDUAL MATURITY OF ASSET, LIABILITY AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES(*)

| | < 3 months | % | [3 months – 1 year] | % | [1–3 years] | % | [3–5 years] | % | >5 years | % |
|--|---------------|------|------------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|----------|------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deposits | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Bonds and similar securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Debt securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Financial accounts | 16,994,255.46 | 3.34 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Financial accounts | 18,820,575.08 | 3.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hedging transactions | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other transactions | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

^(*) Positions in interest rate futures are shown according to the maturity of the underlying instrument.

BREAKDOWN BY LISTING CURRENCY OR VALUATION CURRENCY OF ASSET, LIABILITY AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | Currency 1 USD | | Currency 2 CHF | | Currency 3 NOK | | Currency N OTHER(S) | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|------------------------|------|
| | Amount | | Amount | | Amount | | Amount | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Deposits | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Equities and similar securities | 27,513,151.94 | 5.41 | 10,374,502.25 | 2.04 | 7,717,149.83 | 1.52 | 9,974,208.41 | 1.96 |
| Bonds and similar securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Debt securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| UCIs | 3,470,451.10 | 0.68 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Receivables | 1,355,233.60 | 0.27 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 |
| Financial accounts | 4,100,011.94 | 0.81 | 1,052,935.20 | 0.21 | 340,306.27 | 0.07 | 1,163,499.76 | 0.23 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Sales of financial instruments | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Temporary transactions on securities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Payables | 32,942,234.72 | 6.47 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8,985,329.16 | 1.77 |
| Financial accounts | 8,040,499.12 | 1.58 | 973,931.32 | 0.19 | 327,658.23 | 0.06 | 1,226,128.81 | 0.24 |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET | | | | | | | | |
| Hedging transactions | 18,785,539.28 | 3.69 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1,789,747.17 | 0.35 |
| Other transactions | 40,582,912.60 | 7.98 | 5,805,851.31 | 1.14 | 1,391,478.48 | 0.27 | 3,867,385.83 | 0.76 |

RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES: BREAKDOWN BY TYPE OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | Nature of the debit/credit | 30/12/2022 |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------|
| RECEIVABLES | | |
| | Forward currency purchases | 499,874.44 |
| | Funds receivable on forward currency sales | 42,161,627.28 |
| | Sales with deferred settlement | 0.01 |
| | Subscriptions receivable | 143,774.50 |
| | Guarantee deposits in cash | 4,251,781.66 |
| TOTAL RECEIVABLES | | 47,057,057.89 |
| PAYABLES | | |
| | Forward currency sales | 41,629,112.03 |
| | Funds payable on forward currency purchases | 500,435.02 |
| | Purchases with deferred settlement | 298,451.85 |
| | Redemption price payable | 378,863.81 |
| | Fixed management fee | 171,824.76 |
| | Collateral | 5,120,000.00 |
| | Other payables | 169,483.86 |
| TOTAL PAYABLES | | 48,268,171.33 |
| TOTAL RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES | | -1,211,113.44 |

NUMBER OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES SECURITIES ISSUED OR REDEEMED

| | In units | In euro |
|--|---------------|-----------------|
| A EUR Acc units | | |
| Units subscribed during the financial year | 589,655.610 | 252,320,095.56 |
| Units redeemed during the financial year | -473,645.947 | -200,966,619.14 |
| Net balance of subscriptions/redemptions | 116,009.663 | 51,353,476.42 |
| Number of units outstanding at the end of the financial year | 1,231,070.214 | |
| A EUR Y dis units | | |
| Units subscribed during the financial year | 16,634.489 | 2,324,715.47 |
| Units redeemed during the financial year | -8,896.459 | -1,218,021.93 |
| Net balance of subscriptions/redemptions | 7,738.030 | 1,106,693.54 |
| Number of units outstanding at the end of the financial year | 49,487.879 | |
| | | |

CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES SUBSCRIPTION AND/OR REDEMPTION FEES

| | In euro |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| A EUR Acc units | |
| Total fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Subscription fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Redemption fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| A EUR Y dis units | |
| Total fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Subscription fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Redemption fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |

MANAGEMENT FEES OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | 30/12/2022 |
|--|--------------|
| A EUR Acc units | |
| Guarantee fees | 0.00 |
| Fixed management fees | 7,945,380.81 |
| Percentage of fixed management fees | 1.50 |
| Performance fee provisions | 0.00 |
| Percentage of fixed management fee provisions | 0.00 |
| Performance fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Percentage of fixed management fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Trailer fees | 0.00 |
| A EUR Y dis units | |
| Guarantee fees | 0.00 |
| Fixed management fees | 100,144.06 |
| Percentage of fixed management fees | 1.50 |
| Performance fee provisions | 0.00 |
| Percentage of fixed management fee provisions | 0.00 |
| Performance fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Percentage of fixed management fees paid to the Fund | 0.00 |
| Trailer fees | 0.00 |

COMMITMENTS RECEIVED AND GIVEN BY CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

Guarantees received by the Fund

None

Other commitments received and/or given:

None

MARKET VALUE OF SECURITIES SUBJECT TO A TEMPORARY PURCHASE TRANSACTION BY CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | 30/12/2022 |
|---|------------|
| Securities held under repurchase agreements (pension) | 0.00 |
| Securities borrowed | 0.00 |
| | |

MARKET VALUE OF SECURITIES REPRESENTING GUARANTEE DEPOSITS OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | 30/12/2022 |
|--|------------|
| Financial instruments given as a guarantee and kept as their original entry | 0.00 |
| Financial instruments received as a guarantee and not entered on the balance sheet | 0.00 |

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS OF THE GROUP HELD IN THE CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES PORTFOLIO

| | ISIN | Name | 30/12/2022 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---|---------------|
| Equities | | | 0.00 |
| Bonds | | | 0.00 |
| Transferable debt securities | | | 0.00 |
| UCIs | | | 13,309,618.52 |
| | FR0010149161 | CARMIGNAC COURT TERME CCT - A EUR ACC EUR | 13,309,618.52 |
| Forward financial instruments | | | 0.00 |
| Total group securities | | | 13,309,618.52 |

ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME RELATING TO THE INCOME OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Amounts to be allocated | | |
| Retained earnings | 72.26 | 0.00 |
| Income | 3,492,063.55 | 11,613,847.90 |
| Total | 3,492,135.81 | 11,613,847.90 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| A EUR Acc units | | |
| Allocation | | |
| Distribution | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Retained earnings for the financial year | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Accumulation | 3,447,291.10 | 11,472,247.48 |
| Total | 3,447,291.10 | 11,472,247.48 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| A EUR Y dis units | | |
| Allocation | | |
| Distribution | 44,539.09 | 141,531.99 |
| Retained earnings for the financial year | 305.62 | 68.43 |
| Accumulation | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 44,844.71 | 141,600.42 |
| Information concerning units eligible to receive dividends | | |
| Number of units | 49,487.879 | 41,749.849 |
| Dividend per unit | 0.90 | 3.39 |
| Tax credit | | |
| Tax credit related to income distribution | 19,625.40 | 5,419.76 |

ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME RELATING TO CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES OF CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Amounts to be allocated | | |
| Non-distributed prior net capital gains and losses | 889,142.11 | 191,393.65 |
| Net capital gains and losses for the financial year | 33,549,589.50 | 43,268,635.78 |
| Interim dividends paid on net capital gains and losses in the financial year | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 34,438,731.61 | 43,460,029.43 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| A EUR Acc units | | |
| Allocation | | |
| Distribution | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Non-distributed net capital gains and losses | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Accumulation | 33,103,450.73 | 42,738,386.45 |
| Total | 33,103,450.73 | 42,738,386.45 |

| | 30/12/2022 | 31/12/2021 | |
|--|--------------|------------|--|
| A EUR Y dis units | | | |
| Allocation | | | |
| Distribution | 54,436.67 | 0.00 | |
| Non-distributed net capital gains and losses | 1,280,844.21 | 721,642.98 | |
| Accumulation | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Total | 1,335,280.88 | 721,642.98 | |
| Information concerning units eligible to receive dividends | | | |
| Number of units | 49,487.879 | 41,749.849 | |
| Dividend per unit | 1.10 | 0.00 | |

OVERVIEW OF RESULTS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT ITEMS FOR THE LAST FIVE FINANCIAL YEARS FOR CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

| | 31/12/2018 | 31/12/2019 | 31/12/2020 | 31/12/2021 | 30/12/2022 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total net assets in EUR | 517,194,213.87 | 303,701,569.61 | 312,324,168.99 | 492,112,262.72 | 508,799,970.68 |
| A EUR Acc units in EUR | | | | | |
| Net assets | 504,412,421.63 | 296,900,106.04 | 306,988,963.00 | 486,083,283.66 | 502,269,819.46 |
| Number of units | 1,352,479.881 | 806,734.654 | 793,078.862 | 1,115,060.551 | 1,231,070.214 |
| Net asset value per unit | 372.95 | 368.02 | 387.08 | 435.92 | 407.99 |
| Accumulation per unit on net capital gains or losses | 85.07 | -66.56 | 4.81 | 38.32 | 26.88 |
| Accumulation per unit on income | -7.71 | 1.74 | -6.31 | 10.28 | 2.80 |
| A EUR Y dis units in EUR | | | | | |
| Net assets | 12,781,792.24 | 6,801,463.57 | 5,335,205.99 | 6,028,979.06 | 6,530,151.22 |
| Number of units | 102,842.411 | 55,603.264 | 41,603.381 | 41,749.849 | 49,487.879 |
| Net asset value per unit | 124.28 | 122.32 | 128.23 | 144.40 | 131.95 |
| Distribution per unit on net capital gains or losses | 0.32 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.10 |
| Non-distributed net capital gains and losses per unit | 28.66 | 6.50 | 4.58 | 17.28 | 25.88 |
| Dividend per unit on income | 0.00 | 0.57 | 0.00 | 3.39 | 0.90 |
| Tax credit per unit | 0.00 | 0.285 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 (*) |
| Accumulation per unit on income | -2.67 | 0.00 | -1.92 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

^(*) The tax credit per unit shall only be determined on the distribution date in accordance with the tax provisions in force.

| Name of securities | Curren cy | Quantity or nominal amount | Current value | % of net assets |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Equities and similar securities | | | | |
| Equities and similar securities traded on a regulated or similar market | | | | |
| GERMANY | | | | |
| ADIDAS NOM. | EUR | 12,176 | 1,551,952.96 | 0.31 |
| ALLIANZ SE-REG | EUR | 78,600 | 15,790,740.00 | 3.10 |
| BASF SE | EUR | 368,400 | 17,090,076.00 | 3.36 |
| BAYER | EUR | 270,000 | 13,047,750.00 | 2.56 |
| BEIERSDORF AG | EUR | 400,000 | 42,880,000.00 | 8.42 |
| BMW BAYERISCHE MOTOREN WERKE | EUR | 435,000 | 36,270,300.00 | 7.13 |
| DEUTSCHE POST AG NAMEN | EUR | 83,682 | 2,943,932.76 | 0.58 |
| HELLOFRESH AG | EUR | 470,000 | 9,649,100.00 | 1.90 |
| MERCEDES BENZ GROUP AG REGISTERED SHARES | EUR | 37,930 | 2,328,902.00 | 0.46 |
| MUENCHENER RUECKVERSICHERUNG AG | EUR | 55,000 | 16,720,000.00 | 3.29 |
| OSRAM LICHT AG | EUR | 202,576 | 9,976,868.00 | 1.97 |
| PUMA SE | EUR | 128,806 | 7,303,300.20 | 1.44 |
| SAP SE | EUR | 48,248 | 4,650,624.72 | 0.91 |
| SCHALTBAU HOLDING AG | EUR | 38,753 | 2,247,674.00 | 0.44 |
| SIEMENS AG-REG | EUR | 238,000 | 30,854,320.00 | 6.06 |
| SIEMENS HEALTHINEERS AG | EUR | 350,000 | 16,355,500.00 | 3.21 |
| SILTRONIC AG | EUR | 20,417 | 1,391,418.55 | 0.27 |
| TOTAL GERMANY | | | 231,052,459.19 | 45.41 |
| BELGIUM | | | | |
| AKITA MIDCO 1 NV | EUR | 108,234 | 2,870,365.68 | 0.56 |
| TOTAL BELGIUM | | | 2,870,365.68 | 0.56 |
| SPAIN | | | | |
| AMADEUS IT GROUP SA | EUR | 79,520 | 3,860,696.00 | 0.76 |
| INDITEX | EUR | 650,000 | 16,152,500.00 | 3.18 |
| TOTAL SPAIN | | | 20,013,196.00 | 3.94 |
| UNITED STATES | | | | |
| ALPHABET- A | USD | 73,273 | 6,057,509.29 | 1.19 |
| AMAZON.COM INC | USD | 6,594 | 518,993.68 | 0.10 |
| CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL INC | USD | 892,002 | 936,090.18 | 0.18 |
| FRONTDOOR INC RTS | USD | 78,100 | 1,522,117.59 | 0.29 |
| MICROSOFT CORP | USD | 32,575 | 7,319,874.91 | 1.44 |
| PAYPAL HOLDINGS INC | USD | 78,520 | 5,239,816.73 | 1.03 |
| PINTEREST INC- CLASS A | USD | 32,995 | 750,638.18 | 0.15 |
| SALESFORCE INC | USD | 3,667 | 455,570.42 | 0.09 |
| UBER TECHNOLOGIES INC | USD | 36,454 | 844,701.26 | 0.17 |
| WORKDAY INC-A | USD | 7,400 | 1,160,217.38 | 0.23 |
| TOTAL UNITED STATES | | | 24,805,529.62 | 4.87 |

| Name of securities | Curren cy | Quantity or nominal amount | Current value | % of net assets |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| FRANCE | | | | |
| CARREFOUR | EUR | 1,000,000 | 15,640,000.00 | 3.07 |
| DANONE | EUR | 963,850 | 47,450,335.50 | 9.32 |
| LVMH (LOUIS VUITTON - MOET HENNESSY) | EUR | 4,609 | 3,133,659.10 | 0.62 |
| SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC SA | EUR | 170,000 | 22,222,400.00 | 4.37 |
| SR TELEPERFORMANCE | EUR | 11,988 | 2,669,727.60 | 0.53 |
| VINCI SA | EUR | 360,000 | 33,584,400.00 | 6.60 |
| TOTAL FRANCE | | | 124,700,522.20 | 24.51 |
| IRELAND | | | | |
| KINGSPAN GROUP | EUR | 13,846 | 700,330.68 | 0.14 |
| TOTAL IRELAND | | | 700,330.68 | 0.14 |
| ITALY | | | | |
| PRADA | HKD | 1,762,259 | 9,329,774.47 | 1.84 |
| TOTAL ITALY | | | 9,329,774.47 | 1.84 |
| NORWAY | | | | |
| SCHIBSTED AS | NOK | 71,637 | 1,220,353.52 | 0.23 |
| SCHIBSTED ASA | NOK | 368,216 | 6,496,796.31 | 1.28 |
| TOTAL NORWAY | | | 7,717,149.83 | 1.51 |
| NETHERLANDS | | | | |
| AEGON | EUR | 849,643 | 4,025,608.53 | 0.79 |
| ASM INTERNATIONAL N.V. | EUR | 18,035 | 4,249,947.75 | 0.83 |
| ASR NEDERLAND NV | EUR | 188,848 | 8,375,408.80 | 1.65 |
| HEINEKEN | EUR | 81,397 | 7,153,168.36 | 1.41 |
| IMCD BV | EUR | 26,866 | 3,577,207.90 | 0.70 |
| ING GROEP NV | EUR | 224,514 | 2,556,765.43 | 0.50 |
| NN GROUP NV | EUR | 200,000 | 7,632,000.00 | 1.50 |
| ROYAL PHILIPS | EUR | 290,249 | 4,064,647.00 | 0.80 |
| UNIVERSAL MUSIC GROUP NV | EUR | 191,601 | 4,312,938.51 | 0.85 |
| TOTAL NETHERLANDS | | | 45,947,692.28 | 9.03 |
| UNITED KINGDOM | | | | |
| CLARIVATE PLC | USD | 346,488 | 2,707,622.32 | 0.53 |
| TOTAL UNITED KINGDOM | | | 2,707,622.32 | 0.53 |
| SWEDEN | | | | |
| ATLAS COPCO AB-A SHS | SEK | 58,215 | 644,433.94 | 0.13 |
| TOTAL SWEDEN | | | 644,433.94 | 0.13 |
| SWITZERLAND | | | | |
| CIE FIN RICHEMONT N | CHF | 14,797 | 1,796,709.00 | 0.35 |
| CLARIANT AG-REG | CHF | 162,693 | 2,413,744.95 | 0.48 |
| NESTLE NOM. | CHF | 35,160 | 3,814,919.64 | 0.75 |
| SIKA AG-REG | CHF | 10,463 | 2,349,128.66 | 0.46 |
| TOTAL SWITZERLAND | | | 10,374,502.25 | 2.04 |
| TOTAL Equities and similar securities traded on a regulated or similar market | | | 480,863,578.46 | 94.51 |
| TOTAL equities and similar securities | | | 480,863,578.46 | 94.51 |

| Name of securities | Curren | Quantity or nominal amount | Current value | % of net assets |
|---|--------|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Undertakings for collective investment | | | | |
| Retail UCITS and AIFs aimed at non-professional investors and | | | | |
| equivalent funds of other countries FRANCE | | | | |
| | FLID | 2 622 | 12 200 619 52 | 2.62 |
| CARMIGNAC COURT TERME CCT - A EUR ACC EUR TOTAL FRANCE | EUR | 3,622 | 13,309,618.52 | 2.62 2.62 |
| IRELAND | | | 13,309,618.52 | 2.02 |
| KraneShares CSI China Internet ETF USD | USD | 183,177 | 3,470,451.10 | 0.68 |
| TOTAL IRELAND | 030 | 103,177 | 3,470,451.10 3,470,451.10 | 0.68 |
| TOTAL RELAND TOTAL Retail UCITS and AIFs aimed at non-professional investors and equivalent funds of other countries | | | 16,780,069.62 | 3.30 |
| TOTAL Undertakings for collective investment | | | 16,780,069.62 | 3.30 |
| Forward financial instruments | | | , , | |
| Futures | | | | |
| Futures on regulated or similar markets | | | | |
| DAX 30 IND FU 0323 | EUR | -41 | 28,185.42 | 0.00 |
| DJE 600 EUROP 0323 | EUR | -183 | 149,602.50 | 0.02 |
| DJE 600 INDUS 0323 | EUR | -217 | 292,608.41 | 0.06 |
| DJS 600 CHEM 0323 | EUR | -64 | 180,160.00 | 0.04 |
| DJS F&B FUT 0323 | EUR | 239 | -229,440.00 | -0.05 |
| DJS TECH FUT 0323 | EUR | -113 | 261,318.12 | 0.05 |
| EURO STOXX 50 0323 | EUR | -382 | 214,180.00 | 0.05 |
| NQ USA NASDAQ 0323 | USD | 1 | -331.94 | 0.00 |
| SP 500 MINI 0323 | USD | 22 | -12,029.58 | -0.01 |
| SP E-MIN INDU 0323 | USD | -101 | -18,814.78 | 0.00 |
| XAE ENERGY SE 0323 | USD | -43 | -93,473.88 | -0.01 |
| TOTAL Futures on regulated or similar markets | | | 771,964.27 | 0.15 |
| Futures on OTC markets | | | | |
| BOFA SECURITIES EURO | GBP | -13,322 | 40,384.07 | 0.01 |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MAR | USD | -9,842 | -70,157.28 | -0.01 |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MAR | USD | -19,993 | 125,394.00 | 0.02 |
| UBCATEL2 UBS 0223 | EUR | 50,038 | -254,240.51 | -0.05 |
| UBS EUROPE SE 0223 | EUR | -11,197 | 27,084.88 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL Futures on OTC markets | | | -131,534.84 | -0.03 |
| TOTAL futures | | | 640,429.43 | 0.12 |
| Options | | | | |
| Options on regulated markets | | | | |
| CARNIVAL CORP 01/2023 PUT 6.5 | USD | -3,134 | -26,428.67 | -0.01 |
| CARNIVAL CORP 01/2023 PUT 7.5 | USD | 3,134 | 82,222.53 | 0.02 |
| S&P 500 INDEX 01/2023 PUT 3750 | USD | 22 | 80,063.72 | 0.02 |
| S&P 500 INDEX 12/2022 CALL 4250 | USD | -66 | -309.21 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL options on regulated markets | | | 135,548.37 | 0.03 |
| TOTAL Options | | | 135,548.37 | 0.03 |

| Name of securities | Curren cy | Quantity or nominal amount | Current value | % of net assets |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Other forward financial instruments | | | | |
| CFDs | | | | |
| AAPL GOLDMAN | USD | -29,350 | 497,760.60 | 0.10 |
| ALSTOM CHA 1230 | EUR | -36,791 | 75,053.64 | 0.01 |
| AUTOSTORE HOLDINGS | NOK | -494,277 | -5,406.56 | 0.00 |
| BAYER MS2 1230 | EUR | -270,000 | 1,904,850.00 | 0.38 |
| BN DANON GB2X 1230 | EUR | -270,000 | 229,500.00 | 0.05 |
| CFD 2SH 1230 | EUR | -405,780 | 1,594,715.40 | 0.32 |
| CFD BOA HPACK | USD | -90,174 | 69,283.37 | 0.01 |
| CFD DEERE AND CO MS | USD | -636 | 7,294.11 | 0.00 |
| CFD GS ADECCO CHF 12 | CHF | -31,629 | 44,523.07 | 0.00 |
| CFD GS KLEPI 1230 | EUR | -96,155 | 40,425.86 | 0.01 |
| CFD GS SILTRO 1230 | EUR | -20,417 | 207,232.55 | 0.04 |
| CFD JPM BASF | EUR | -368,400 | 782,850.00 | 0.15 |
| CFD MUV2 JPM | EUR | -55,000 | -154,000.00 | -0.03 |
| CFD SECUB BOFA | SEK | -162,843 | -23,137.24 | 0.00 |
| CFD SUBC MORGAN ST 1 | NOK | -48,998 | -11,651.21 | 0.00 |
| CFD TSCO MST 1230 | USD | -5,150 | 6,466.15 | 0.00 |
| CFD UBS BEI | EUR | -340,000 | -1,105,000.00 | -0.22 |
| DECK JP 1230 | USD | -4,623 | -1,212.87 | 0.00 |
| DICK'S SPORTING GOODS | USD | -27,471 | -50,992.09 | -0.01 |
| DPW DEUTSCH P 1230 | EUR | -83,682 | 221,757.30 | 0.04 |
| ERF EUROF UBS 1230 | EUR | -25,606 | -16,387.84 | -0.01 |
| FDR UBS | EUR | -20,955 | -4,610.10 | 0.00 |
| FRANCHISE GROUP | USD | -33,289 | 69,556.78 | 0.02 |
| FRESENIUS MEDICAL | EUR | -103,776 | -80,269.63 | -0.02 |
| FRONTDOOR INC | USD | -172,768 | 416,035.38 | 0.08 |
| G24 MORGAN 1230 | EUR | -50,752 | 255,282.56 | 0.05 |
| GLO GS LONZA 1230 | CHF | 1,782 | -66,952.45 | -0.01 |
| GMW BMW GS 1230 | EUR | -435,000 | 1,274,550.00 | 0.25 |
| GS HELLOFRESH 1230 | EUR | -470,000 | 1,339,500.00 | 0.26 |
| GS NN GROUP NV 1230 | EUR | -200,000 | 492,000.00 | 0.10 |
| GS SECURITAS 1230 | SEK | -28,469 | -4,044.96 | 0.00 |
| JP DANONE 1230 | EUR | -693,850 | 589,772.50 | 0.12 |
| JPX KONINKLIJKE 1230 | EUR | -290,249 | 54,566.81 | 0.01 |
| ML BEIERSDORF 1230 | EUR | -60,000 | -195,000.00 | -0.04 |
| ML CARREFOUR 1230 | EUR | -1,000,000 | 785,000.00 | 0.15 |
| ML INDITEX 1230 | EUR | -650,000 | 6,500.00 | 0.00 |
| ML SIEMENS AG 1230 | EUR | -238,000 | 376,040.00 | 0.07 |

| Name of securities | Curren | Quantity or nominal amount | Current value | % of net assets |
|---|--------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| ML STELLANTIS NV 123 | EUR | -111,564 | 64,779.14 | 0.01 |
| ML VINCI SA 1230 | EUR | -360,000 | 1,198,800.00 | 0.24 |
| MS AIRBNB INC 1230 | USD | -44,347 | 467,517.62 | 0.09 |
| MS ALLIANZ SE 1230 | EUR | -78,600 | 271,170.00 | 0.05 |
| MS APPLE 1230 | USD | -22,256 | 336,784.18 | 0.07 |
| MS CARNIVAL USD 1230 | USD | -171,834 | 276,027.85 | 0.06 |
| MS DAIMLER TR 1230 | EUR | -25,609 | 62,101.83 | 0.02 |
| MS FLOOR & DECOR 123 | USD | -9,525 | 44,624.03 | 0.00 |
| MS GUESS? INC 1230 | USD | -143,759 | 9,429.03 | 0.01 |
| MS HEWLETT PA 1230 | USD | -3,278 | 2,518.59 | 0.00 |
| MS HUGO BOSS 1230 | EUR | -54,205 | -69,302.97 | -0.01 |
| MS KINNEVIK 1230 | SEK | -40,517 | 58,843.06 | 0.01 |
| MS LULULEMON ATHLETI | USD | -932 | 52,335.22 | 0.01 |
| MS PENTAIR PLC 1230 | USD | -14,962 | 11,075.17 | 0.00 |
| MS REXEL SA 1230 | EUR | -50,445 | -49,940.55 | -0.01 |
| MS SKECHERS U 1230 | USD | -52,908 | 10,906.31 | 0.00 |
| MS UNIBAIL 1230 | EUR | -34,246 | 68,834.46 | 0.02 |
| MS UNITED MICROELEC | TWD | -649,000 | 100,904.05 | 0.02 |
| MS VALEO 1230 | EUR | -98,103 | 79,765.83 | 0.01 |
| MS VALMT FH 1230 | EUR | -41,288 | -26,424.32 | -0.01 |
| NESN NESTL BO 1230 | CHF | 36,981 | -194,745.25 | -0.04 |
| PAG UBS | USD | -988 | 10,664.57 | 0.00 |
| PENSKE AUTO GROUP | USD | 87 | -939.09 | 0.00 |
| POOL CORP | USD | -7,894 | 147,850.24 | 0.03 |
| SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC | EUR | -170,000 | 1,394,000.00 | 0.28 |
| SUBC GOLDMAN 1230 | NOK | -2,036 | -484.14 | 0.00 |
| TRACTOR SUPPLY | USD | -486 | 610.20 | 0.00 |
| TUI GS AG 1230 | EUR | -305,292 | 54,647.27 | 0.01 |
| UBS GETINGE A 1230 | SEK | -53,690 | 123,117.29 | 0.02 |
| UNITED PARCEL SERVICES | USD | -4,327 | 64,423.55 | 0.01 |
| WELLTOWER INC | USD | -35,695 | -16,182.30 | 0.00 |
| WILSCOT MOBILE MINI HOLDING | USD | -26,021 | 74,119.32 | 0.02 |
| TOTAL CFD | | | 14,249,681.32 | 2.80 |
| TOTAL other forward financial instruments | | | 14,249,681.32 | 2.80 |
| TOTAL Forward financial instruments | | | 15,025,659.12 | 2.95 |
| Margin calls | | | | |
| APPEL MARGE B.P.S.S. | EUR | -896,614.45 | -896,614.45 | -0.18 |
| APPEL MARGE B.P.S.S. | USD | 69,062.8 | 64,710.99 | 0.02 |
| TOTAL margin calls | | | -831,903.46 | -0.16 |
| Receivables | | | 47,057,057.89 | 9.25 |
| Payables | | | -48,268,171.33 | -9.49 |
| Financial accounts | | | -1,826,319.62 | -0.36 |
| Net assets | | | 508,799,970.68 | 100.00 |

| A EUR Y dis units | EUR | 49,487.879 | 131.95 |
|-------------------|-----|------------|--------|
|-------------------|-----|------------|--------|

A EUR Acc units EUR 1,231,070.214 407.99

FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE COUPON'S TAX REGIME

Coupon breakdown: A EUR Y dis units

| | NET TOTAL | CURRENCY | NET PER UNIT | CURRENCY |
|--|-----------|----------|--------------|----------|
| Income subject to non-definitive, compulsory withholding tax | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| Shares eligible for rebate and subject to non-definitive, compulsory withholding tax | 44,539.09 | EUR | 0.90 | EUR |
| Other income not eligible for rebate and subject to non- definitive, compulsory withholding tax | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| Non-declarable and non-taxable income | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| Total amount distributed on capital gains and losses | 54,436.67 | EUR | 1.10 | EUR |
| TOTAL | 98,975.76 | EUR | 2.00 | EUR |

ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES Legal entity identifier: 96950047MB7CH61F0D32

Environmental and/or social characteristics

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Sustainable

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

| Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Yes | No | | |
| It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% | It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of % of sustainable investments | | |
| in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | |
| in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective | | |
| It made sustainable investments with a social objective:% | It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments | | |

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The fund applies a "best-in-universe" approach (identifying companies whose activities are sustainable) and a "best-efforts" approach (consisting in favouring issuers that exhibit an improvement or strong prospects in terms of ESG practices and performance over time) in order to invest sustainably via a strategy based on three pillars: 1) ESG integration, 2) negative screening, 3) active stewardship, and 4) reduction of the carbon intensity, to promote the environmental and social characteristics. Moreover, it makes a positive environmental contribution thanks to investments leading to climate change mitigation and adaptation, in addition to its specific carbon emissions objective

The fund seeks to achieve carbon emissions 30% lower than those of its composite benchmark (75% MSCI Europe, and 25% S&P 500), measured on a monthly basis by the carbon intensity (tCO₂/\$m of revenue converted into euro, aggregated at portfolio level (scopes 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol).

No failures to achieve the environmental and social characteristics promoted were identified during the year.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

This fund uses sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics it promotes:

- 1) Coverage rate of ESG analysis: ESG integration, through ESG rating via Carmignac's proprietary "START" (System for Tracking and Analysis of a Responsible Trajectory) platform, is applied to at least 90% of securities (excluding cash and derivatives). As at 30 December 2022, the ESG analysis coverage rate was 95.53%.
- 2) Reduction of the investment universe: negative screening and exclusions of unsustainable activities and practices, reflected in low ESG scores from START, MSCI and ISS ("Institutional Shareholder Services") ESG, are carried out based on the following indicators: (a) practices that are harmful to society and to the environment, (b) controversies concerning the OECD Guidelines and the UN Global Compact principles, (c) controversial weapons, (d) thermal coal production, (e) energy producers that have not set a target for alignment with the Paris Agreement, (f) companies involved in tobacco production and (g) companies involved in adult entertainment.

The fund also applies exclusions linked to the gambling and conventional weapons sectors, oil and gas extraction, companies with a low governance score and companies with high carbon emissions in terms of carbon intensity compared with the average of the ESG reference benchmark. As at 30 December 2022, the portfolio universe was actively reduced.

- 3) Active stewardship: companies' environmental and social engagement efforts leading to an improvement in companies' sustainable development policies are measured using the following indicators: (a) level of active engagement and voting policies, (b) number of engagement efforts, (c) voting rate and (d) participation in shareholder (or bondholder) meetings. In 2022, we engaged with 81 companies at Carmignac level, and 8 companies at Carmignac Long Short European Equities level.
- 4) Carbon emissions reduction target: The fund seeks to achieve carbon emissions 30% lower than those of its composite benchmark (75% MSCI Europe, and 25% S&P 500), measured on a monthly basis by the carbon intensity (tCO₂/\$m of revenue converted into euro, aggregated at portfolio level (scopes 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol). At 31 December 2022, the carbon emissions of the Carmignac Long Short European Equities fund were 34.47% lower than those of its reference benchmark.

Moreover, as regards monitoring principal adverse impacts ("PAI"), and in accordance with Annex 1 to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, the fund monitors 14 mandatory environmental and social indicators, and 2 optional indicators to demonstrate the impact of sustainable investments with respect to these indicators: greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, carbon footprint, GHG intensity of investee companies, exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector, share of non-renewable energy consumption and production, energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector, activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas, emissions to water, hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio, water usage and recycling (optional choice), violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, unadjusted gender pay gap, board gender diversity, exposure to controversial weapons, excessive pay ratio (optional choice). Sovereign issuers are monitored for violations of social norms with respect to their GHG intensity.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Please find below performance data with respect to principal adverse impact indicators for 2022, based on average quarter-end data, for the portfolio's equity and bond components:

| PAI indicators | Based on data provided by the company | Fund | Hedging |
|---|--|------------|---------|
| Scope 1 GHG | Scope 1 GHG emissions | 2,767.50 | 99% |
| Scope 2 GHG | Scope 2 GHG emissions | 5935 | 99% |
| Scope 3 GHG | From 1 January 2023, Scope 3 GHG emissions | 166,017.50 | 99% |
| Total GHG | Total GHG emissions | 174,720 | 99% |
| Carbon footprint | Carbon footprint | 329.23 | 99% |
| GHG intensity level | GHG intensity of companies | 661.4 | 99% |
| Exposure to companies active in | Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel | 1% | 000/ |
| the fossil fuel sector | sector | 170 | 99% |
| Share of non-renewable energy consumption | Share of non-renewable energy consumption of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage | 63% | 99% |
| Share of non-renewable energy production | Share of non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage | 22% | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – Total | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – Total | 0.085 | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector A | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector A (Agriculture, forestry and fishing) | N/A | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector B | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector B (Mining and quarrying) | N/A | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector C | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector C (Manufacturing) | 0.12 | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector D | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector D (Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply) | 1.32 | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector E | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector E (water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities) | N/A | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector F | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector F (Construction) | N/A | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector G | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector G (Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles) | 0.01 | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector H | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector H (Transportation and storage) | 0.15 | 99% |
| Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector –NACE Sector L | Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector – NACE Sector L (Real estate activities) | 0.425 | 99% |
| Biodiversity | Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity- sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas | 0% | 99% |
| Emissions to water | Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average | 32.175 | 99% |

| | Tanana of haranda wa wasta announted by Savastan | | |
|--|---|----------|-----|
| Hazardous waste | Tonnes of hazardous waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a | 0.255 | 99% |
| | weighted average | | |
| Water usage and recycling | Average amount of water consumed and recovered by the investee companies (in cubic metres) per million EUR of revenue | 458.6375 | 99% |
| Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises | Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises | 0% | 99% |
| Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises | Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance/complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises | 37% | 99% |
| Unadjusted gender pay gap | Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies | 85% | 99% |
| Board gender diversity | Average ratio of female to male board members in investee companies | 35% | 99% |
| Exposure to controversial weapons | Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons | 0% | 99% |
| Excessive CEO pay ratio | Average ratio within investee companies of the annual total compensation for the highest compensated individual to the median annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-compensated individual). | 93.2 | 99% |

...and compared to previous periods?

N/A.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.



N/A.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

N/A.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The management company is committed to applying the regulatory technical standards (RTS) referred to in Annex 1 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, which define 16 mandatory environmental and social indicators, and two optional indicators to demonstrate the impact of sustainable investments with respect to these indicators: greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, carbon footprint, GHG intensity of investee companies, exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector, share of non-renewable energy consumption and production, energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector, activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas, emissions to water, hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio, water usage and recycling (optional choice), violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, unadjusted gender pay gap, board gender diversity, exposure to controversial weapons, excessive pay ratio (optional choice). Sovereign issuers are monitored for violations of social norms with respect to their GHG intensity.

As part of its PAI strategy, Carmignac identifies companies that are performing worse than the benchmark on PAI indicators. Our third-party data provider Impact Cubed allows us to track the impact of our funds for each PAI indicator. Identifying companies that are performing worse than the index in terms of PAI allows us to engage in dialogue to ensure that they are committed to reducing their impact. As an example, we engaged with Uber in 2022 (according to Impact Cubed, the company is underperforming on the compliance with UNCG/OECD standards PAI indicator). This engagement with the company was triggered by ISS ESG (the data supplier we use for our standards-based exclusions) giving the company's business practices an orange rating. We engaged with the company on the following matters:

- 1) Classification of self-employed persons. We asked the company about the benefits provided to drivers under the company's "independent contractor +" model. The company indicated that these benefits vary depending on the market. For example, it offers more health care benefits to US drivers in California (where health care tends to be an employment benefit) than to UK drivers (where free public health care is available through the NHS). We also discussed the extent to which the management team, including the board of directors, has a genuine understanding of the experience of independent contractors, as well as the inclusion of driver and courier welfare measures in the remuneration package.
- 2) Customer safety addressed through a stricter selection process and more innovative security features on the app. We recommended that these matters linked to personal data protection be included in the variable remuneration of executives.

What were the top investments of this financial product?

Please find below the top 15 investments for 2022 based on average month-end data:

| Largest investments | Sector | % Assets | Country |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| PUMA | Consumer discretionary | 2.97% | Germany |
| PRADA S.P.A. HONG KONG | Consumer discretionary | 2.18% | Italy |
| OSRAM LICHT AG | Industry | 2.05% | Germany |
| MICROSOFT CORP | Information technology | 1.62% | USA |
| PRADA S.P.A. HONG KONG | Consumer discretionary | 2.18% | Italy |
| ASR NEDERLAND | Finance | 1.52% | Netherlands |
| ASM INTERNATIONAL | Information technology | 1.51% | Netherlands |
| SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC SA | Industry | 1.46% | France |
| AEGON NV | Finance | 0.81% | Netherlands |
| LVMH | Consumer discretionary | 0.77% | France |
| IMCD GROUP NV | Industry | 0.76% | Netherlands |
| DERMAPHARM HOLDING SE | Healthcare | 0.70% | Germany |
| NESTLE SA | Non-cyclical consumer spending | 0.68% | Switzerland |
| UNIVERSAL MUSIC GROUP NV | Telecoms | 0.67% | Netherlands |
| SALESFORCE.COM | Information technology | 0.64% | USA |

The list includes investments constituting the financial product's largest holdings over the reference period, namely:

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments? N/A.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the asset allocation?

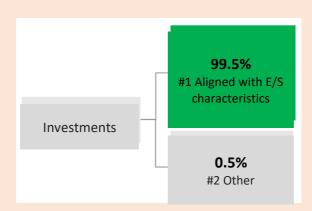
At least 90% of the fund's positions are intended to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy. As at 30 December 2022, ESG analysis covered 99.5% of the securities in the portfolio (excluding cash and derivatives).

Share of "#2 Other" investments:

Where investments fall outside the minimum limit of 90% incorporating environmental and social characteristics, full ESG analysis may not have been carried out.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies;
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy;
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- - The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Please find below the main economic sectors in which investments were made in 2022, based on average month-end data:

| Economic sectors | % Assets (% Net exposure – |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | average) |
| Information technology | 4.0% |
| Telecoms | 3.8% |
| Finance | 2.3% |
| Healthcare | 1.1% |
| Non-cyclical consumer spending | 0.9% |
| Materials | 0.9% |
| Utilities | 0.5% |
| Energy | -0.2% |
| Oil & Gas Equipment & Services | -0.2% |
| Property | -0.9% |
| Consumer discretionary | -1.6% |
| Industry | -3.3% |

Source: Carmignac, at 30/12/2022

To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The minimum level of alignment with the Taxonomy, i.e. the minimum share of the fund's investments deemed to contribute on an ongoing basis to the above environmental objectives, is 0% of assets. The actual level of alignment with the Taxonomy is calculated and published annually.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The fund has an environmental objective linked to the Sustainable Development Goals and not to the European Taxonomy. As at 30 December 2022, its alignment with the EU Taxonomy was 0.01%.

| Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy re | lated |
|---|-------|
| activities complying with the EU Taxonomy?1 | |

| Yes: | | |
|-------|---------------|-------------------|
| | In fossil gas | In nuclear energy |
| X No: | | |

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do no significant harm to any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional** activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the

best performance.

are sustainable investments with an

environmental

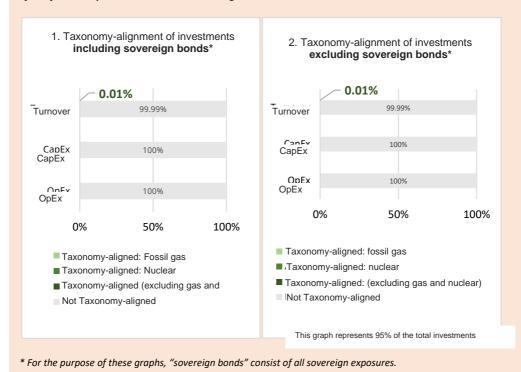
criteria for environmentally sustainable economic

Taxonomy.

objective that do not take into account the

activities under the EU

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

N/A.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A.

3

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The remainder of the portfolio (i.e. beyond the minimum share of 90%) may also promote environmental and social characteristics but is not systematically covered by ESG analysis. These assets may include derivatives or listed securities, for which ESG analysis may be carried out after the financial instrument in question is acquired by the fund. Cash (and equivalent instruments) and derivatives (used for hedging or exposure purposes) are also included under "#2 Other".

All of the fund's assets (excluding cash and derivatives) apply sectoral and standards-based negative screening and exclusions guaranteeing minimum environmental and social safeguards.

Moreover, the exclusion process ensuring compliance with the do no significant harm principle, lack of significant harm, and monitoring of adverse impacts apply to all fund assets.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Carmignac took the actions listed below in 2022 to support the investment process through compliance with environmental and social characteristics:

Pillar 1: ESG integration

- Addition of extra social indicators (employee and consumer satisfaction data) to the exclusive START ESG rating process, in order to keep analysts informed of material aspects that may affect the investment thesis.
- Improved capacity to monitor green, social, sustainable and sustainability-linked bonds to facilitate monitoring and future reporting in the Global Portfolio Monitoring system with a dashboard for portfolio managers on fund positions.
- Development of proprietary sovereign ESG rating models (Impact and Global) in the START interface to improve the efficiency and knowledge of the portfolio management team.
- Integration of PAI monitoring and introduction of a policy describing how information on environmental, social and human rights indicators is to be integrated into the investment rationale.
- Enhanced transparency and automated monitoring of the universe reduction process.

Pillar 2: Exclusions

- Automation of the quarterly list review process to identify companies that may be subject to strict sector or controversy exclusions, or the universe reduction process, if applicable.

Pillar 3: Voting and engagement

- Introduction of a "key vote" approach to prioritise companies identified for more targeted voting recommendations and potential engagement linked to voting decisions, in particular "Say on climate" votes.
- Development of a quarterly responsible management newsletter to publicly demonstrate to clients how we promote active stewardship.
- Continuation of our quarterly company engagement plan, with almost 58% of engagement efforts linked to environmental, social or governance themes.

With regard to engagement specifically, we have a fiduciary duty to fully exercise our shareholder rights and engage with the companies in which we invest. Dialogue is maintained by the financial analysts, portfolio managers and ESG team. We believe that our engagement allows us to better understand how companies manage their extra-financial risks and considerably improve their ESG profile while delivering long-term value creation for our clients, society and the environment. Each interaction covers one of the following five topics: 1) ESG risks, 2) an ESG theme, 3) a desired impact, 4) controversial behaviour, or 5) a voting decision at a general meeting. Carmignac may collaborate with other shareholders and bondholders when doing so would help influence the actions and governance of companies held in the portfolio. Carmignac has introduced and maintains policies and guidelines to ensure the company correctly identifies, foresees and manages any situation constituting a potential or confirmed conflict of interest. For more information on our engagement policies, please visit the website.

Our fiduciary responsibility involves the full exercise of our rights as shareholders and engagement with the companies in which we are invested. Dialogue is maintained by financial analysts, portfolio managers and ESG team. We believe that our engagement leads to a better understanding of how companies manage their extra-financial risks and significantly improve their ESG profile while delivering long-term value creation for our clients, society and the environment. Our engagement may concern one of five considerations: 1) ESG risks, 2) an ESG theme, 3) a desired impact, 4) controversial behaviour, or 5) a voting decision at a General Meeting. Carmignac may collaborate with other shareholders and bondholders when doing so would help influence the actions and governance of companies held in the portfolio. In order to ensure that the company correctly identifies, foresees and manages any potential or confirmed conflict of interest situation, Carmignac has put in place and maintains policies and guidelines. For more information on our engagement policies, please visit the website.

In 2022, we engaged with 81 companies at Carmignac level, and 8 companies at Carmignac Long-Short European Equities level.

For example, we resumed our dialogue with Amazon, having last engaged with the company in March 2021, because it continues to face controversy over the management of the environmental and social externalities that its activities generate. We held this meeting in April and focused our engagement on the following topics:

- The role of the founder (Jeff Bezos) in the company
- The governance structure in place to manage environmental, social and ethical issues
- The treatment of employees and the company's relationship with trade unions
- Its approach to tax issues
- Its environmental performance

In addition, we asked for greater transparency on the company's circular economy information, including how it handles customer returns, the carbon footprint of those returns and donation initiatives.

We told the company that it needed to improve its overall transparency on the various environmental and social initiatives it was taking to improve practices and its image problem. After consultation with the sector analyst, this dialogue did not trigger a change in our proprietary START rating system. However, we will continue to engage with the company and monitor its environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference sustainable benchmark?

N/A.

N/A.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the sustainable investment objective?

N/A.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

N/A.

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

N/A.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

ARTICLE 29 REPORT – CARMIGNAC LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES

I. Information about the strategy for alignment with the international objectives for limiting global warming provided for by the Paris Agreement

Carmignac became a supporter of the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures) in January 2020 and we have prepared our Climate Report and our commitments on this subject around the four TCFD pillars: Governance, Strategy, Risk Management and Performance Indicators. Carmignac measured the Physical and Transitional Climate risks of its portfolios in 2022.

Taking a step further and in the context of the French Energy-Climate Law, Carmignac Gestion SA, which includes the Carmignac Long-Short European Equities fund, would like to frame its climate policy in reference to the Article 2 of the Paris Agreement (2015), which advocates:

- "a) Holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above preindustrial levels and pursuing efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels, recognizing that this would significantly reduce the risks and impacts of climate change:
- b) Increasing the ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development, in a manner that does not threaten food production; and c) Making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development."

Secondly, considering Article 4 of the Paris Agreement, the Carmignac Group is taking the initiative as an asset manager and contributing to the climate change mitigation effects of both our operations as a firm, and of the companies in which we invest. With investments in both developed and emerging markets, we recognise that there will not be the same speed of progress in developing countries, and we are committed to using our influence to encourage best practices, clarity and transparency within investee companies regarding their climate policies. The Carmignac Group relies heavily on the TCFD framework to engage with companies to understand their governance, strategy, risk management and metrics in relation to their climate and environmental ambitions, targets, and impacts. The Carmignac Group recognises that reducing the carbon emissions of companies' operations, products and services, as well as downstream and upstream direct and indirect emissions, can be a long process. That is why, both as the entity Carmignac Gestion SA and in our capacity as the management company of the Carmignac Long-Short European Equities fund, we are seeking to commit to a roadmap setting out a gradual approach to reducing emissions over the long term, with emission targets set in line with the European Union's targets for 2030, and every five years thereafter until a net zero carbon emissions target is achieved in 2050. A detailed description of this roadmap will be provided in this report. In 2022, a report on the results stated that no specific action was required in light of the results.

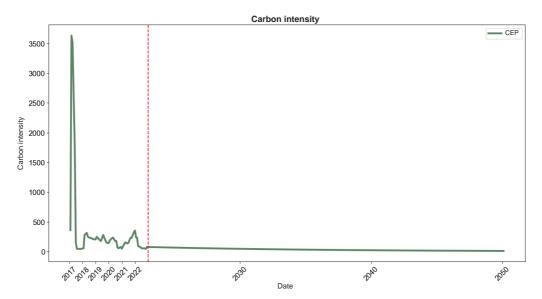
a. Carmignac Gestion SA's future plans to incorporate the French Energy-Climate Law's quantitative targets for alignment with the Paris Agreement

- Apply a 12-month monitoring process, as of 30 June 2022, of the portfolio's alignment with the Paris Agreement over different periods with differing market conditions, inflation levels, oil prices and portfolio construction.
- Set a base year of carbon emissions for Carmignac Gestion SA (as an aggregation of the funds of which Carmignac Gestion SA is the title company) and the other funds in scope of this report as of 31 December 2023.
- Extend the Paris Agreement alignment calculations measured in degrees for all Carmignac Group portfolios, including equity, bond and diversified funds.
- Incorporate S&P Trucost (as data provider) company emissions estimates beyond 2025 when the data set becomes available.
- Implement the impact of Physical and Transitional Climate risks in carbon emissions alignment targets.
- Phase in the measurement of Scope 3 carbon emissions as data coverage and accuracy improves.
- Document the Paris Agreement alignment targets, methodology and base year calculations intentions in the corresponding fund prospectuses and inform fund holders.
- Apply an entity-level target approach for Carmignac Gestion SA accordingly, approved by our executive management.

b. Our quantitative targets for 2030

We have used the <u>Paris Aligned Investment Initiative</u> (PAII), the <u>Climate Transition Benchmark (CTB)</u> and Paris Alignment Benchmark (PAB) guidelines to structure our approach to Paris Agreement alignment targets.

TARGET 1: As of 2024, introduce an absolute annual average CO₂ intensity reduction of 7%, which translates into a CO₂e intensity reduction of ~40% by 2030 for the Carmignac Long-Short European Equities fund.



TARGET 2: Announce carbon reduction targets from 2030 for 2035, 2040, 2045 and 2050.

As at 31 December 2022, the percentage of MSCI ESG data available on the carbon emissions of the Carmignac Long-Short European Equities fund's assets was 82%².

c. External methodology used to assess the alignment of the investment strategy with the **Paris Agreement**

CARBON INTENSITY METHODOLOGY

- 1. Start with the amounts corresponding to the market value of the positions in the
- 2. Apply the PVI (Present Value of the Investment) adjustment to the market value amount (PVI factors are assumed to be the same for each year).
- 3. Eliminate short positions and positions in non-business assets.
- 4. Reallocate market values from positions in companies without data on EVIC (enterprise value including cash) or carbon emissions to positions with such data.
- 5. Rebase the amounts from the reallocated market values to a value of EUR 1 million.
- 6. Calculate the percentage held in the portfolio.
- 7. Calculate the contribution to total greenhouse gas emissions.8. Add up the contributions to total greenhouse gas emissions to obtain the portfolio's overall carbon intensity.

d. Impact of Carmignac's climate policy on the investment process

ENGAGEMENT

Carmignac is actively involved in tackling climate issues, using the TCFD framework as the basis for its commitments and the monitoring of climate change targets.

MONITORING

Total carbon emissions and carbon intensity are subject to continuous monitoring by investment managers, analysts and the responsible investment team through the Global Portfolio Monitoring system, a real-time dashboard of portfolio positions, and financial and non-financial data. This allows the carbon footprint to be managed in real time relative to the fund's benchmark.

REPORTING

Over the coming months, the responsible investment team will work with the investment teams to enhance expertise in carbon footprint monitoring and establish a roadmap for the initial objectives related to alignment with the Paris Agreement for 2030.

In 2023, the review procedures to be implemented before 2024 will be specified, in collaboration with the management, ESG, Risk Management and Compliance teams.

² Total long positions for which data on emissions is available

e. Policy implemented with a view to gradually exiting from coal and non-conventional hydrocarbons

COAL AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY EXIT PLAN

As a result of the mounting concerns for the environment and the risk of non-performing or stranded assets, a coal mining exclusion policy has been in place at Carmignac since 2018. Carmignac also extended its exclusion threshold for coal-fired power generation companies present in its SRI fund range to all Carmignac funds in October 2020. Last but not least, Carmignac has committed to a complete exit from all coal-related investments from 2030.

STRATEGY TO EXIT FROM COAL BY 2030

Carmignac has committed to a long-term total phase-out of coal-related investments across OECD countries and the rest of world. Should there be any future coal-related investments permitted within the confines of Carmignac's Exclusion Policy, a total exit from coal mining and coal-fired power generation companies will be implemented by 2030. This coal exit strategy will be implemented with an effective 0% tolerance threshold.

COAL MINING

Very limited investment opportunities and no funding for new mines. Since 2018, Carmignac has excluded mining companies which derive more than 10% of their revenue from thermal coal mining or produce more than 20 million tonnes of thermal coal. We pledge that we will not directly finance companies planning new coal mining projects through our equity and corporate debt investments. Should an investee company become involved in new coal plant projects through acquisitions, Carmignac will divest from these companies within a defined timeframe. Facing the climate emergency, Carmignac encourages companies to make credible commitments to reduce their dependence on coal mining within a two-year rolling timeframe to align their activities with the Paris Agreement.

COAL-FIRED POWER GENERATORS

Engaging with companies to generate the lowest possible CO₂ emissions. Carmignac recognises the importance of encouraging companies to reduce their dependence on coal power generation to align their activities with the Paris Agreement. For this purpose, we have adopted the criterion using gCO₂/kWh, following the threshold recommended by the International Energy Agency (IEA) to keep global temperature rise below 2 degrees, as set out by the Paris Agreement:

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Max. gCO ₂ /kWh | 429 | 408 | 393 | 374 | 354 | 335 | 315 |

Source: Central labelling agency, https://towardssustainability.be/public/RevisedQS Technical 20220928.pdf, page 27

When gCO2/kWh data is not available, we will exclude power generating companies deriving over 10% of their output or income from coal. We will also exclude companies planning new coal-fired electricity plant capacity.

NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY EXIT

Carmignac will seek to implement a non-conventional energy exit plan for its investments across the entire range of funds, in line with the 2030 Coal Exit Plan. However, for investments in non-OECD countries, a 2040 Coal Exit Plan is more appropriate given the greater reliance on hydrocarbons in developing countries and the slower pace of transition.

II. Information about the strategy for alignment with long-term biodiversity targets

a. Our biodiversity targets

At the Carmignac Group level, we recognise the importance of taking biodiversity-related issues into account and the value of raising awareness among financial players of the challenges posed by the erosion of this biodiversity.

Carmignac fully understands the importance of nature, biodiversity and ecosystems, as these are essential for human existence and good quality of life. However, growing populations and their environmental impact have not been so beneficial, as the IPBES 2019 report makes clear:

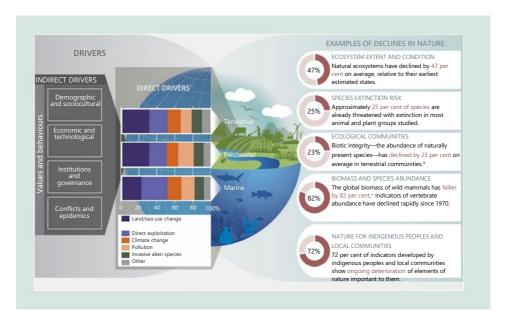
"while more food, energy and materials than ever before are now being supplied to people in most places, this is increasingly at the expense of nature's ability to provide such contributions in the future, and frequently undermines nature's many other contributions, which range from water quality regulation to sense of place. The biosphere, upon which humanity as a whole depends, is being altered to an unparalleled degree across all spatial scales. Biodiversity – the diversity within species, between species and of ecosystems – is declining faster than at any time in human history."

Carmignac has acknowledged this deterioration to frame a biodiversity policy within its investments, in reference to the objectives of the 1992 Convention on Biological Diversity:



To increase awareness of the biodiversity risks inherent in our investments across a global universe and in the three core asset classes (equities, corporate and sovereign debt), Carmignac has informed itself through the work performed by the Intergovernmental Science Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES).

Through their assessments, policy support, building capacity, knowledge, communication and outreach, we have been able to identify the five pressures on biodiversity survival as defined by the IPBES: land- and sea-use change; direct exploitation of organisms; climate change; pollution; and invasive alien species.



Source: https://ipbes.net/sites/default/files/2020-02/ipbes global assessment report summary for policymakers fr

Explanation from the IPBES report:

"The above summary gives examples of global declines in nature, emphasising declines in biodiversity, that have been and are being caused by direct and indirect drivers of change.

The direct drivers (land-/sea-use change; direct exploitation of organisms; climate change; pollution; and invasive alien species) result from an array of underlying societal causes. These causes can be demographic (e.g., human population dynamics), sociocultural (e.g., consumption patterns), economic (e.g., trade), technological, or relating to institutions, governance, conflicts and epidemics. They are called indirect drivers and are underpinned by societal values and behaviours. The colour bands represent the relative global impact of direct drivers, from top to bottom, on terrestrial, freshwater and marine nature, as estimated from a global systematic review of studies published since 2005. Land- and sea-use change and direct exploitation account for more than 50 per cent of the global impact on land, in fresh water and in the sea, but each driver is dominant in certain contexts. The circles illustrate the magnitude of the negative human impacts on a diverse selection of aspects of nature over a range of different time scales based on a global synthesis of indicators."

b. Carmignac Long-Short European Equities' exposure to risks associated with biodiversity

Through our strategy for considering principal adverse impacts, we are committed to measuring the impacts of companies within our portfolios, as well as our exposure to biodiversity risks. More specifically, we measured the activities negatively affecting biodiversity hotspots on a quarterly basis in 2022. In addition, several PAI (Principal Adverse Impacts) indicators, including the tonnes of waste discharged into water by the companies benefiting from our investments, support the gradual consideration of issues related to biodiversity.

The share of assets under management with exposure to biodiversity-related risks is shown in the table below (as at 31 December 2022):

| | Exposure to risks associated with biodiversity | The fund's assets under management (in € millions) | Assets under management at risk (in € millions) |
|---|--|--|--|
| Carmignac Long-Short European Equities | 2.54% | 123 | 3 |

c. Consideration of biodiversity-related risks in our investment strategy

As part of our strategy to align with long-term biodiversity targets, we have approached various data providers to enable a more gradual determination of the impacts on biodiversity of the investments underlying the portfolios in our range. However, analyses are still ongoing. We have identified a major stumbling block in how we assess the impact of investment decisions on biodiversity due to a lack of data. This is because quantifying losses in terms of biodiversity on a financial level and identifying investments that promote biodiversity is less understood than in the case of the fight against global warming.

To make this point concrete and operational within our portfolios, we have decided to define a strategy based on a practical measure and a target for 2030. Our roadmap is based on the following pillars:

DEEPENING OUR CSR APPROACH BASED ON THE CONSIDERATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

- ✓ Universe reductions:
- o For equities: companies with carbon emissions above 168 tCO₂/EURm are excluded from the investment universe.
- Review of the indicators present on our START ESG research system in the context of its improvement and alignment with the PAI indicators, in particular those related to biodiversity.
- ✓ Focused commitments for companies subject to biodiversity controversies.

IDENTIFICATION OF AN EFFECTIVE AND AVAILABLE IMPACT MEASUREMENT FOR ALL OF OUR INVESTMENT UNIVERSES

We have chosen a measure that aggregates negative screening results. This screening is determined based on the areas of activity of greatest concern in terms of biodiversity:

- a. Companies that produce commodities contributing to deforestation (palm oil, soy, beef and wood);
- b. Companies that use raw materials contributing to deforestation (palm oil, soy, beef and wood);
- c. Companies that have been involved in controversies related to deforestation;
- d. Companies operating in or near biodiversity hotspots;
- e. Companies that have been involved in controversies with a serious or very serious negative impact on the environment.

We recognise that this measure is incomplete but consider it to be the most widely available data at present. We reserve the right to change our choice of key biodiversity indicator as market architecture improves in this area.

2030 TARGET

we want to achieve a target of zero for these investments by 2030 both at Carmignac Gestion SA entity level, as well as individually within our French common funds exceeding EUR 500 million. In the context of this target, we recognise our dependence on regulation and consumer choice.

III. Information on the procedures for taking environmental, social and quality of governance criteria into account in risk management

During 2023, the Sustainable Investment team, in collaboration with the Risk Management team, will work on a quantitative estimate of the financial impact of the main climate risks identified as well as the proportion of assets exposed, the time horizon associated with these impacts at entity level and the impact on the valuation of the Carmignac Long-Short European Equities portfolio.

Specifically, with respect to Physical and Transition Climate risk data, we currently believe that S&P Trucost data is not sufficiently accurate to formally measure and impose systematic limits on transactions. In addition, the data is generally retrospective.

In 2022, we decided to change data provider from S&P Trucost to MSCI for climate risk analyses (including ClimateVar) and will explore the options for prospective and quantitative impact measurements in 2023.

Carmignac takes environmental, social and quality of governance criteria into account in its risk management; for more details on how Carmignac manages sustainability risks for all its funds including Carmignac Long-Short European Equities, please refer to the "Article 29 – LEC" report at Carmignac Gestion entity level.



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