# CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO PATRIMOINE EUROPE A EUR ACC

Recommended minimum investment horizon:

LOWE	R RISK			ŀ	HIGHER	RISK
1	2	3*	4	5	6	7

LUXEMBOURG SICAV SUB-FUND

LU1744628287 Monthly Factsheet - 29/02/2024

# **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

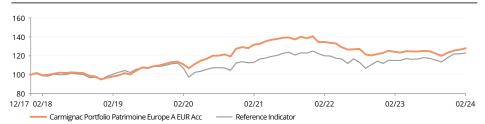
European mixed fund with at least 40% of its assets permanently invested in fixed income, and a net equity exposure that can vary up to 50%. The Fund seeks to identify attractive sources of return in Europe while mitigating capital fluctuations, thanks to its bottom-up driven investment process and its flexible, active management. The Fund aims to outperform its reference indicator over 3 years minimum while implementing a socially responsible investment approach.

Fund Management analysis can be found on P.4

# **PERFORMANCE**

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Performances are net of fees (excluding possible entrance fees charged by the distributor).

### FUND PERFORMANCE VS. REFERENCE INDICATOR SINCE LAUNCH (Basis 100 - Net of fees)



### CUMULATIVE AND ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE (as of 29/02/2024 - Net of fees)

	Cu	mulative Perfo	Annualise	ce (%)			
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since 29/12/2017	3 Years	5 Years	Since 29/12/2017
A EUR Acc	3.00	-2.83	30.24	27.91	-0.95	5.42	4.07
Reference Indicator	6.86	8.80	22.21	22.94	2.84	4.09	3.40
Category Average	6.46	5.45	14.86	10.79	1.78	2.81	1.68
Ranking (Quartile)	4	4	1	1	4	1	1

Source: Morningstar for the category average and quartiles.

### ANNUAL PERFORMANCE (%) (Net of fees)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
A EUR Acc	2.07	-12.73	9.47	13.86	18.67	-4.77
Reference Indicator	9.54	-11.02	10.25	2.35	16.38	-4.83

### STATISTICS (%)

3 Years	5 Years	Launch
5.5	7.3	7.0
6.9	9.2	8.8
-0.1	8.0	0.6
0.5	0.6	0.6
-0.0	0.1	0.0
5.9	5.8	5.8
	Years 5.5 6.9 -0.1 0.5 -0.0	Years         Years           5.5         7.3           6.9         9.2           -0.1         0.8           0.5         0.6           -0.0         0.1

Calculation : Weekly basis

# VAR

Fund VaR	5.7%
Indicator VaR	5.4%





M. Denham

J. Hirsch

# **KEY FIGURES**

Equity Investment Rate	33.8%
Net Equity Exposure	39.3%
Modified Duration	2.1
Yield to Maturity <sup>(1)</sup>	4.7%
Average Rating	Α
Number of Equity Issuers	35
Average Coupon	4.0%
Number of Bond Issuers	44
Number of Bonds	52
Active Share	85.7%

#### **FUND**

SFDR Fund Classification: Article 8

**Domicile:** Luxembourg **Fund Type:** UCITS **Legal Form:** SICAV

SICAV Name: Carmignac Portfolio

Fiscal Year End: 31/12

Subscription/Redemption: Daily

Order Placement Cut-Off Time: Before 18:00

(CET/CEST)

Fund Inception Date: 29/12/2017 Fund AUM: 521M€ / 564M\$ <sup>(2)</sup> Fund Currency: EUR

### **SHARE**

Dividend Policy: Accumulation Date of 1st NAV: 29/12/2017 Base Currency: EUR Share class AUM: 155M€

**NAV:** 127.91€

Morningstar Category™: EUR Moderate

Allocation

Overall Morningstar Rating ™ 02/2024

### **FUND MANAGER(S)**

Mark Denham since 02/01/2018 Jacques Hirsch since 31/07/2023

# REFERENCE INDICATOR<sup>(3)</sup>

40% STOXX Europe 600 (Reinvested Net Dividends) + 40% ICE BofA All Maturity All Euro Government (Coupons reinvested) + 20% ESTER capitalized. Quarterly Rebalanced.

### OTHER ESG CHARACTERISTICS

Minimum % Taxonomy Alignment	0%
Minimum % Sustainable Investments 1	0%
Principal Adverse Impact Indicators	/es



<sup>\*</sup> For the share class Carmignac Portfolio Patrimoine Europe A EUR Acc. Risk Scale from the KID (Key Information Document). Risk 1 does not mean a risk-free investment. This indicator may change over time. (1) Calculated at the fixed income bucket level. (2) Exchange Rate EUR/USD as of 29/02/2024. (3) Until 31/12/2021, the reference indicator was 50% STOXX Europe 600, 50% BofA Merrill Lynch All Maturity All Euro Government Index. The performances are presented using the chaining method.

### CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO PATRIMOINE EUROPE A EUR ACC

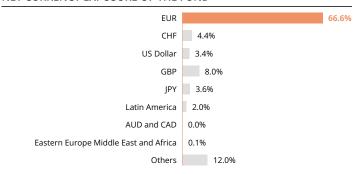
### ASSET ALLOCATION

Equities	33.8%
Developed Countries	33.8%
Bonds	53.0%
Developed Countries Government Bonds	22.3%
Developed Countries Corporate Bonds	20.1%
Emerging Markets Corporate Bonds	2.7%
Collateralized Loan Obligation (CLO)	8.0%
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Derivatives Operations	13.3%

# **TOP TEN HOLDINGS (EQUITY & BONDS)**

Name	Country	Sector / Rating	%
GERMANY 0.50% 15/02/2025	Germany	AAA	7.5%
GERMANY 1.00% 15/08/2024	Germany	AAA	5.7%
NOVO NORDISK A/S	Denmark	Healthcare	3.8%
ITALY 2.80% 20/02/2026	Italy	BBB	3.6%
SAP SE	Germany	Information Technology	2.8%
ASML HOLDING NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	2.4%
L'OREAL SA	France	Consumer Staples	2.1%
VIA OUTLETS 1.75% 15/08/2028	Netherlands	BBB+	2.0%
GERMANY 1.50% 15/05/2024	Germany	AAA	1.9%
BNP PARIBAS 11/06/2030	France	BBB	1.9%
Total			33.9%

### **NET CURRENCY EXPOSURE OF THE FUND**



# **EQUITY COMPONENT**

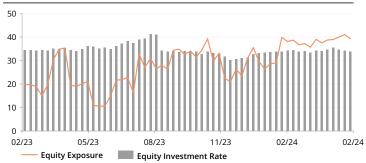
# CAPITALISATION BREAKDOWN



# SECTOR BREAKDOWN



# EQUITY EXPOSURE - 1 YEAR HORIZON (% AUM) (1)



# **BOND COMPONENT**

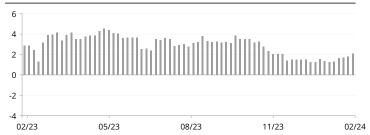
# MODIFIED DURATION BY YIELD CURVE (IN BPS)



# SECTOR BREAKDOWN



# **MODIFIED DURATION - 1 YEAR PERIOD**





# **PORTFOLIO ESG SUMMARY**

This financial product is classified as an Article 8 fund under the EU's Sustainable Financial Disclosures Regulation("SFDR"). The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product are:

- A minimum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets are invested in sustainable investments aligned positively with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals;
- The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are respectively 1% and 3% of the Sub-Fund's net assets:
- The equity and corporate bond investment universe is actively reduced by at least 20%;
- ESG analysis applied to at least 90% of issuers,
- 30% of carbon emissions lower than the reference indicator as measured by carbon intensity.

#### PORTFOLIO ESG COVERAGE

Source: Carmignac

Number of issuers in the portfolio 66 Number of issuers rated 65 98.5% Coverage Rate

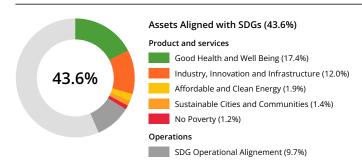
#### **ESG SCORE**

Carmignac Portfolio Patrimoine Europe A EUR Acc Source: MSCI ESG





### ALIGNMENT WITH THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (NET ASSETS)



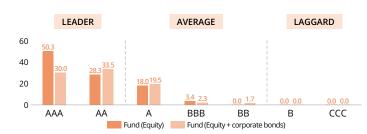
### **United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)**

SDG alignment is defined for each investment by meeting at least one of the following three thresholds.

- 1. Company derives at least 50% of its revenue from goods and services that are related to one of the following nine SDGs: (1) No Poverty, (2) No Hunger, (3) Good Health and Well Being, (4) Quality Education, (6) Clean Water, (7) Affordable and Clean Energy, (9) Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, (11) Sustainable Cities and Communities, (12) Responsible Consumption and Production.
- 2. Company invests at least 30% of its capital expenditure in business activities that are related to one of the aforementioned nine SDGs.
- 3. Company achieves aligned status for operational alignment for at least three out of all seventeen of the SDGs and does not achieve misalignment for any SDG. Evidence is provided by the investee company's policies, practices and targets addressing such SDGs.

To find out more about the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, please visit https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

### MSCI ESG SCORE PORTFOLIO



Source: MSCI ESG Score, ESG Leaders represent companies rated AAA and AA by MSCI, ESG Average represent companies rated A, BBB, and BB by MSCI. ESG Laggards represent companies rated B and CCC by MSCI. Portfolio ESG Coverage: 89.5%

## **TOP 5 ESG RATED PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**

Source: MSCLESG

Company	Weight	ESG Rating
NOVO NORDISK AS	3.8%	AAA
DEUTSCHE BOERSE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT	1.8%	AAA
LONZA GROUP AG	1.6%	AAA
ADIDAS AG	0.5%	AAA
SOLARIA ENERGIA Y MEDIO AMBIENTE SA	0.2%	AAA

CARBON EMISSION INTENSITY (T CO2E/USD MN REVENUES) converted to Furo



Source: S&P Trucost, 29/02/2024. The reference indicator of each Fund is hypothetically invested with identical assets under management as the respective Carmignac equity funds and calculated for total carbon emissions and per million Euro of revenues.

Carbon emissions figures are based on S&P Trucost data. The analysis is conducted using estimated or declared data measuring Scope 1 and Scope 2 carbon emissions, excluding cash and holdings for which carbon emissions are not available. To determine carbon intensity, the amount of carbon emissions in tonnes of CO2 is calculated and expressed per million dollar of revenues (converted to Euro). This is a normalized measure of a portfolio's contribution to climate change that enables comparisons with a reference indicator, between multiple portfolios and over time, regardless of portfolio

Please refer to the glossary for more information on the calculation methodology

<sup>\*</sup> Reference Indicator: 40% STOXX Europe 600 (Reinvested Net Dividends) + 40% ICE BofA All Maturity All Euro Government (Coupons reinvested) + 20% ESTER capitalized. Quarterly Rebalanced. Equity and corporate bond components of the fund portfolio are used for this analysis. The reference to a ranking or prize, is no guarantee of the future results of the UCIS or the manager. For more information regarding product disclosure, please refer to the Sustainability-related Disclosures in accordance with Article 10 available on the Fund's webpage.



### **FUND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS**





February was a turning point for the disinflation trend that had been shoring up the markets over previous months. Economic data brought more pleasant surprises on both sides of the Atlantic, but the (dis)inflation trend disappointed investors. While share indices continued to benefit from growth being stronger than anticipated, bonds performed much less glowingly, with traders forced to lower their expectations of central bank rate cuts in 2024. In the United States, leading and lagging indicators seem to be converging towards a single sustained growth scenario. Both the manufacturing and service components of PMIs improved, and consumer confidence picked up further in February, showing businesses' and households' shared enthusiasm about the economic outlook. This US economic exceptionalism results from the knock-on effects of a growing labour market, on which job reports were surprisingly positive once again. However, this frenetic growth seems to impinge on the immaculate disinflation scenario that had been underpinning traders' risk appetite. The US Federal Reserve chair therefore took a less dovish than expected tone, driving up yields. The 10-year Treasury yield gained 34 bps over the month, reversing last December's bond rally. Albeit to a lesser extent, the Eurozone also showed signs of progress with leading indicators still rebounding as the services sector expands. Inflation slowed by less than expected due to the robust services component of core inflation. This combination of firmer growth and more dogged inflation led to the 10-year Bund yield gaining 25 bps, while credit assets made further progress as high yield spreads narrowed by 23 bps. Chinese equity markets showed signs of recovery thanks to the restrictions placed on short selling and the Caixin PMI's resilience. Japan's complacent monetary policy seems even more likely to end with the publication of higher-than-expected core inflation, above the 2% mark for the 11th month in a row. The reporting season was in full swing, with Al companies again beating all records. Overall, corporate earnings were higher than investors were expecting, fuelling the strong equity rally. However, if we exclude the Magnificent Seven - the main US tech leaders - then EPS growth for the S&P 500 was slightly negative.



### PERFORMANCE COMMENTARY

The Fund delivered a positive return, faring slightly better than its reference indicator. Our equity portfolio accounted for much of the strategy's performance as our top holdings announced strong results. Our healthcare names were profitable. These included Novo Nordisk, which is part of a flourishing market for obesity treatments, and Switzerland's Alcon, whose results surpassed investors' expectations. Shares in Hermès rose sharply after the company announced record earnings. Our high level of equity exposure was therefore rewarded. The decision to reduce the portfolio's modified duration also paid off. European yields rose and weighed on bond markets, but this had a very limited impact on the Fund's performance. However, the Fund suffered from its credit hedging. We nonetheless increased our hedging of credit assets and breakeven inflation while keeping modified duration low.



# **OUTLOOK AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

We made a few adjustments to our portfolio in February. After their remarkable performance in recent months, we took profits on our quality/growth stocks, reducing the size of our long-term investments. However, we think that risky assets remain attractive, and are therefore keeping equity exposure at a high level (around 40%) while adding futures on more cyclical sector indices. This is because economic growth is surprisingly strong in Europe and could support the most cyclical sectors. We have exposure to banking and automotive indices, as well as small and mid caps. And given the risk of inflation rising back up if the economy recovers, we have significant exposure to inflation-linked bonds and certain commodities (copper, silver and gold). We introduced some hedging, especially on the credit market, as well as some VIX options to protect against downside risk at an affordable price. We will also be taking further advantage of bond carry, mainly on credit markets.



# **GLOSSARY**

Active Weight: Represents the absolute value of the difference between the weight of a holding in the manager's portfolio and the same holding in the benchmark index.

**Alpha:** Alpha measures the performance of a portfolio compared to its reference indicator. Negative alpha means the fund performed less well than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 10% in one year and the fund increased by only 6%, its alpha is -4). Positive alpha means the fund performed better than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 6% in one year and the fund increased by 10%, its alpha is 4).

Beta: Beta measures the relationship between the fluctuations of the net asset values of the fund and the fluctuations of the levels of its reference indicator. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the fund "cushions" the fluctuations of its index (beta = 0.6 means that the fund increases by 6% if the index increases by 10% and decreases by 6% if the index falls by 10%). Beta higher than 1 indicates that the fund "magnifies" the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = 1.4 means that the fund increases by 14% when the index increases by 10% but also decreases by 14% when the index decreases by 10%). Beta of less than 0 indicates that the fund reacts inversely to the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = -0.6 means that the fund falls by 6% when the index increases by 10% and vice

Capitalisation: A company's stock market value at any given moment. It is obtained by multiplying the number of shares of a company by its stock exchange price.

Modified duration: A bond's modified duration measures the risk attached to a given change in the interest rate. Modified duration of +2 means that for an instantaneous 1% rate increase, the portfolio's value would drop by 2%.

Net asset value: Price of all units (in an FCP) or shares (in a SICAV)

Rating: The rating measures the creditworthiness of a borrower (bond issuer).

Sharpe ratio: The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the standard deviation of this return. It thus shows the marginal return per unit of risk. When it is positive, the higher the Sharpe ratio, the more risk-taking is rewarded. A negative Sharpe ratio does not necessarily mean that the portfolio posted a negative performance, but rather that it performed worse than a risk-free investment.

**SICAV:** Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (Open-ended investment company with variable capital)

VaR: Value at Risk (VaR) represents an investor's maximum potential loss on the value of a financial asset portfolio, based on a holding period (20 days) and confidence interval (99%). This potential loss is expressed as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. It is calculated on the basis of a sample of historical data (over a two-year period).

**Volatility:** Range of price variation of a security, fund, market or index, which enables the measurement of risk over a given period. It is determined using the standard deviation obtained by calculating the square root of the variance. The variance is obtained by calculating the average deviation from the mean, which is then squared. The greater the volatility, the greater the risk.

Yield to Maturity: Yield to Maturity corresponds to the concept of actuarial yield. It is, at the time of calculation, the estimated rate of return offered by a bond in the event it is held until maturity by the investor. Note that the yield shown does not take into account the FX carry and fees and expenses of the Fund.

# **ESG DEFINITIONS & METHODOLOGY**

ESG: E for Environment, S for Social, G for Governance

**ESG score Calculation:** Only the Equity and Corporate Bond holdings of the fund considered. Overall Fund Rating calculated using MSCI Fund ESG Quality Score methodology: excluding cash and non ESG-rated holdings, performing a weighted average of the normalized weights of the holdings and the Industry-Adjusted Score of the holdings, multiplied by (1+Adjustment%) which consists of the weight of positively trending ESG ratings minus the weight of ESG Laggards minus the weight of negatively trending ESG ratings. For a detailed explanation see "MSCI ESG Fund Ratings Methodology", Section 2.3. Updated June 2021. https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/15388113/MSCI+ESG+Fund+Ratings+Exec+Summary+Methodology.pdf/ec622acc-42a7-158f-6a47-ed7aa4503d4f?t=1562690846881.

Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI): Negative, material, or potentially material effects on sustainability factors that result from, worsen, or are directly related to investment choices or advice performed by a legal entity. Examples include GHG emissions and carbon footprint.

S&P Trucost methodology: Trucost uses company disclosed emissions where available. In the instance it is not available, they use their proprietary EEIO model. The model uses the revenue breakdown of the company by industry sector to estimate the carbon emissions. For further information, please visit: www.spglobal.com/spdji/en/documents/additional-material/faq-trucost.pdf. Although S&P Trucost does report Scope 3 emissions where available, such emissions are commonly considered to be poorly defined and inconsistently calculated by companies. As a result, we have chosen not to include them in our portfolio emission calculations.

To calculate the portfolio carbon emissions, the companies' carbon intensities (tonnes of CO2e /USD mn revenues) are weighted according to their portfolio weightings (normalized for holdings for which carbon emissions are not available), and then summed.

Scope 1: Greenhouse gas emissions generated from burning fossil fuels and production processes which are owned or controlled by the company.

Scope 2: Greenhouse gas emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, heat or steam by the company.

Scope 3: Other indirect Greenhouse gas emissions, such as from the extraction and production of purchased materials and fuels, transport-related activities in vehicles not owned or controlled by the reporting entity, electricity-related activities (e.g. T&D losses) not covered in Scope 2, outsourced activities, waste

SFDR Articles - Fund Classification: Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, an EU Act that requires asset managers to classify funds into categories: "Article 8" funds promote environmental and social characteristics, "Article 9" funds have sustainable investments as a measurable objective.

Sustainable Investments: The SFDR defines sustainable investment as an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

**Taxonomy Alignment:** In the context of an individual company, taxonomy alignment is defined as the proportion of a company's revenue that comes from activities that meet certain environmental criteria. In the context of an individual fund or portfolio, alignment is defined as the portfolio-weight weighted average taxonomy alignment of included companies. For more information, please follow this link: https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/default/files/business\_economy\_euro/banking\_and\_finance/documents/sustainable-finance-taxonomy-faq\_en.pdf



# CHARACTERISTICS

	Date of 1st			Management	Entry	Exit	Management fees and other			Minimum Initial Subscription <sup>(6)</sup>		Single Ye	ar Perforn	nance (%)	
Share Class	NAV	Bloomberg	ISIN	Management Fee	costs (1)	costs (2)		costs <sup>(4)</sup>				28.02.23-			6.02.21- 28.02.20- 28.02 8.02.22 26.02.21 28.02
A EUR Acc	29/12/2017	CARPEAE LX	LU1744628287	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.8%	0.67%	20%	_	3.0	-7.8	2.3	18.7	12.9
F EUR Acc	02/01/2018	CRPPEFE LX	LU1744630424	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	0.67%	20%	_	3.7	-7.3	3.1	19.4	13.5

- (1) of the amount you pay in when entering this investment. This is the most you will be charged. Carmignac Gestion doesn't charge any entry fee. The person selling you the product will inform you of the actual charge.
  (2) We do not charge an exit fee for this product.

- (2) We do not charge an exit fee for this product.
  (3) of the value of your investment per year. This estimate is based on actual costs over the past year.
  (4) of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and sell the investments underlying the product. The actual amount varies depending on the quantity we buy and sell.
  (5) when the share class overperforms the Reference indicator during the performance period. It will be payable also in case the share class has overperformed the reference indicator but had a negative performance. Underperformance is clawed back for 5 years. The actual amount will vary depending on how well your investment performs. The aggregated cost estimation above includes the average over the last 5 years, or since the product creation if it is less than 5 years.
  (6) Please refer to the prospectus for the minimum subsequent subscription amounts. The prospectus is available on the website: www.carmignac.com.

# MAIN RISKS OF THE FUND

EQUITY: The Fund may be affected by stock price variations, the scale of which is dependent on external factors, stock trading volumes or market capitalization. INTEREST RATE: Interest rate risk results in a decline in the net asset value in the event of changes in interest rates. CURRENCY: Currency risk is linked to exposure to a currency other than the Fund's valuation currency, either through direct investment or the use of forward financial instruments. CREDIT: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer may default.

The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital.

# IMPORTANT LEGAL INFORMATION

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