

FOCUS TWO: BUILDING ON ASIA'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Digging deeper into emerging economies

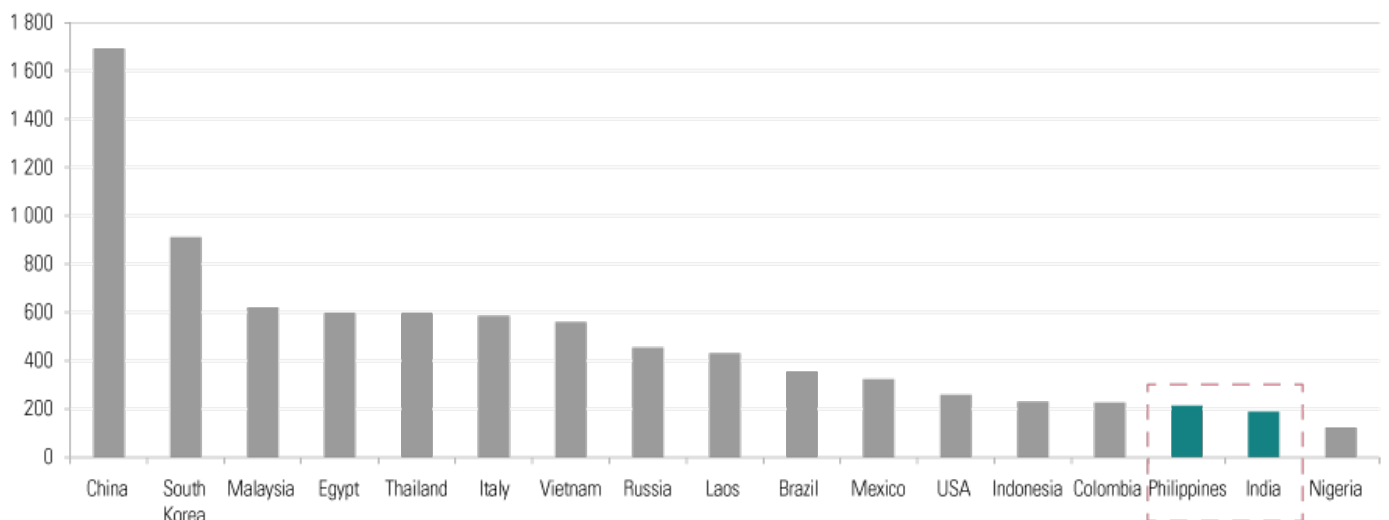
25.10.2016



The cement sector in the Philippines has enjoyed a significant upturn since 2011, growing at 12% in the last four years.

When investing in emerging markets, investors look for growth. Our search for growth has taken us to look into countries where, in spite of having strong GDP (Gross Domestic Product) growth, infrastructure investment as percentage of GDP is low. This suggests a weak infrastructure, and therefore a low cement penetration.

CEMENT PENETRATION (KG OF CEMENT PER CAPITA)



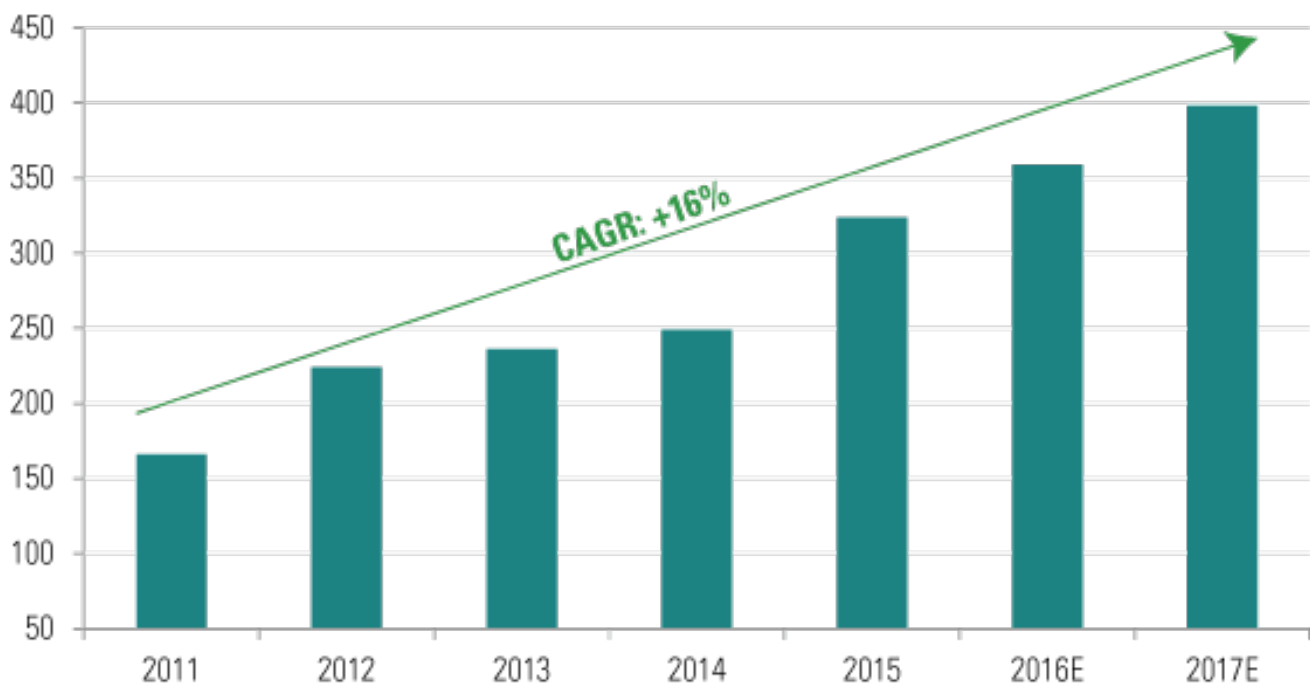
The Indian case

Cement demand in India is expected to rebound considerably, with an estimated annual growth rate of 6 to 8% in the next 4 years.

The sector will likely benefit from the government's push for large infrastructure projects, as seen by the rising budget allocated to infrastructure (investment is expected to reach \$1 trillion according the 12th Five-Year Plan) and the creation of the Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) scheme. The latter's aim is to improve the population's quality of life across the country by providing basic needs such as water supply, sewerage and transport.

We believe that with the support from more friendly regulation, lower taxation, and increased infrastructure spending, the cement sector should offer attractive growth and take India's economy forward along with it.⁽¹⁾

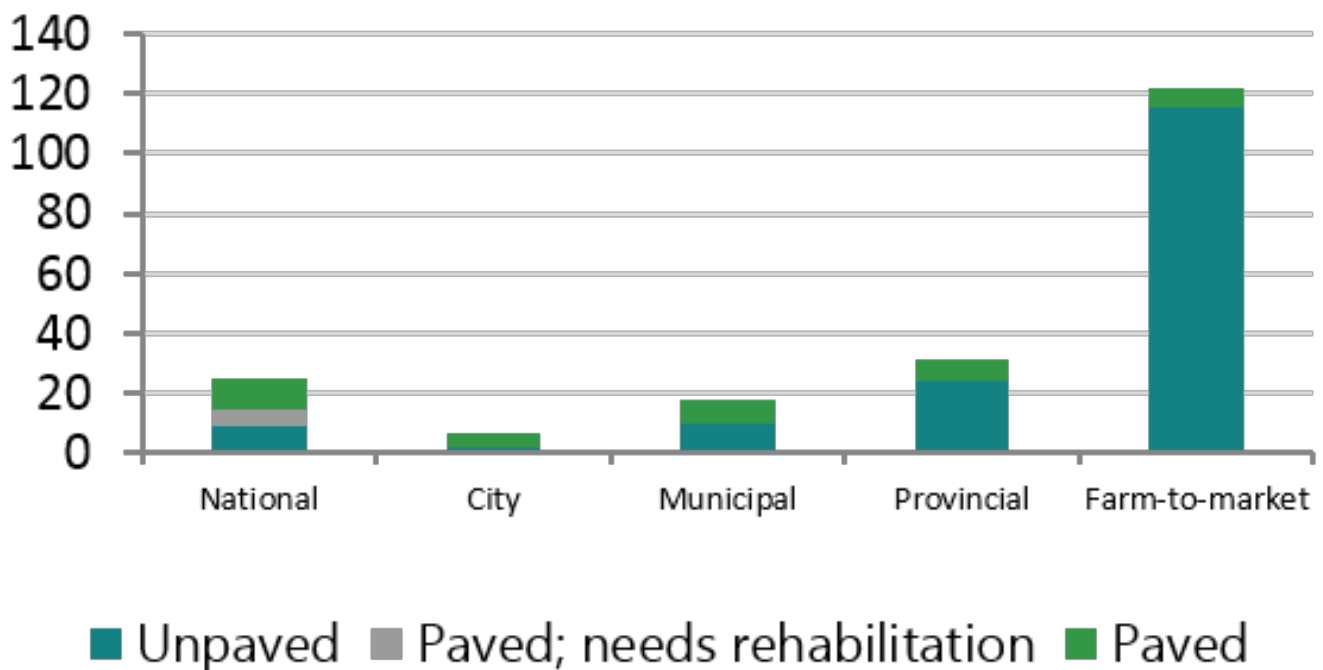
DOMESTIC CEMENT CONSUMPTION IN INDIA (MILLION TONNES)



The Filipino case

The Filipino market is one of Asia's fastest-growing markets. The cement sector in the Philippines has enjoyed a significant upturn since 2011, growing at 12% in the last four years. Despite the recent growth, we are confident that in the long term, cement demand should continue to rise, as infrastructure in the Philippines remains under-developed.

A good illustration is the country's under-developed road network: at the end of 2014, just one-fifth of the country's roads were paved. In addition, the country's mountainous geography has given rise to a large number of physically segregated local markets, making it nearly impossible to import cement from abroad, largely limiting competition. Furthermore, the Filipino cement market is characterised by oligopolistic supply and fragmented demand that combine to ensure relatively high prices.⁽²⁾



Source: Department of Public Works and Highways, Company data, HSBC June 2016

Our picks

Prism Cement

In India, we acquired Prism Cement in [Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Discovery](#), a leading cement supplier in India with a 15% market share.

The company is well positioned to take advantage of growing local demand for cement, fuelled by the sharp upswing in the investment cycle expected over the next few years. It has already invested heavily in production and currently utilises just 70% of its capacity. This will allow Prism Cement to reap the full benefits of firmer demand without any additional capital outlay and leverage its earnings considerably.

It should also benefit from the recent decision by the current Indian central bank governor not to serve a second term, as this signals an upcoming shift to a more expansionary monetary policy likely to boost infrastructure spending.

CEMEX Philippines

To benefit from this trend within our small- and mid-cap fund [Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Discovery](#), we acquired a stake in CEMEX Philippines during its initial public offering at the end of June 2016.

CEMEX Philippines is a subsidiary of Mexican cement giant CEMEX and the third largest cement producer in the Philippines. In terms of financial metrics, the firm almost perfectly meets the requirements of our selection process. The company boasts a free cash flow yield of more than 8.8%, a very healthy balance sheet and convincing growth prospects, with revenue forecast to increase at an average rate of 19% per year over the next three years.



NEXT

[Focus three: Mexico's Manufacturing Value](#)

[Carmignac Emergents](#)

[Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Discovery](#)

[Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Patrimoine](#)

Promotional Material

(1) India - Sources: Barclays research, December 2015; Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion, India Office of Economic Advisor, India Brand Equity Foundation, Carmignac estimations, January 2016.

(2) The Philippines - Sources: HSBC, CAGR 2011-2015; Carmignac, Industry, IMF, Morgan Stanley, CLSA, 2014; Department of Public Works and Highways, Company data, HSBC June 2016.

This article may not be reproduced, disseminated or communicated, in whole or in part, without prior authorisation from the management company. This article does not constitute a subscription offer, nor does it constitute investment advice. The information contained in this article may be partial information, and may be modified without prior notice. The analysis of financial instruments in this article was not prepared in accordance with applicable regulatory provisions regarding the independence of financial analysts. The Management Company is not subject to the prohibition of entering into transactions in connection with the relevant instruments before the publication of this article. This article is presented for illustrative purposes only to point out certain instruments which are (or which were) in the portfolios of certain Carmignac funds, and it does not aim to promote a direct investment in the instruments mentioned herein. The portfolios of Carmignac funds may change without previous notice. Access to the Fund may be subject to restrictions with regard to certain persons or countries. The Fund is not registered in North America, in South America, in Asia nor is it registered in Japan. The Funds are registered in Singapore as restricted foreign scheme (for professional clients only). The Fund has not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933. The Fund may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, for the benefit or on behalf of a "U.S. person", according to the definition of the US Regulation S and/or FATCA. The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital. The risks and fees are described in the KIID (Key Investor Information Document). The Fund's prospectus, KIIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.com, or upon request to the Management Company. The KIID must be made available to the subscriber prior to subscription. In Switzerland, the Fund's respective prospectuses, KIIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.ch, or through our representative and Paying Agent in Switzerland, CACEIS (Switzerland) SA, Route de Signy 35, CH-1260 Nyon. In the United Kingdom, the Funds' respective prospectuses, KIIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.co.uk, or upon request to the Management Company, or for the French Funds, at the offices of the Facilities Agent at BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES, operating through its branch in London: 55 Moorgate, London EC2R. This material was prepared by Carmignac Gestion and/or Carmignac Gestion Luxembourg and is being distributed in the UK by Carmignac Gestion Luxembourg UK Branch (Registered in England and Wales with number FC031103, CSSF agreement of 10/06/2013).

